

HIGH SPEED WRITE-WHILE-READ 64-BIT BIPOLAR RAM (32x2 RAM)

82S21

THIS PRODUCT AVAILABLE IN 0°C TO 75°C TEMPERATURE RANGE ONLY

AVAILABLE SOON

OBJECTIVE SPECIFICATION

DESCRIPTION

The 82S21 is a TTL 64 bit Write-While-Read Random Access Memory organized in 32 words of 2 bits each. The 82S21 is ideally suited for high speed buffers and as the memory element in high speed accumulators.

Words are selected through a 5 input decoder when the Read-Write enable input, \overline{CE} is at logic "1". $\overline{W_0}$ and $\overline{W_1}$ are the write inputs for bit 0 and bit 1 of the word selected. \overline{C} is the write control input. When $\overline{W_X}$ and \overline{C} are both at logic "0" data on the I_0 and I_1 data lines are written into the addressed word. The read function is enabled when either $\overline{W_X}$ or \overline{C} is at logic "1".

An internal latch is on the chip to provide the Write-While-Read capability. When the latch control line, \overline{L} , is logic "1" and data is being read from the 82S21, the latch is effectively bypassed. The data at the output will be that of the addressed word. When \overline{L} goes from a logic "1" to logic "0" the outputs are latched and will remain latched regardless of the state of any other address or control line. When \overline{L} goes from "0" to "1" the outputs unlatch and the outputs will be that of the present address word.

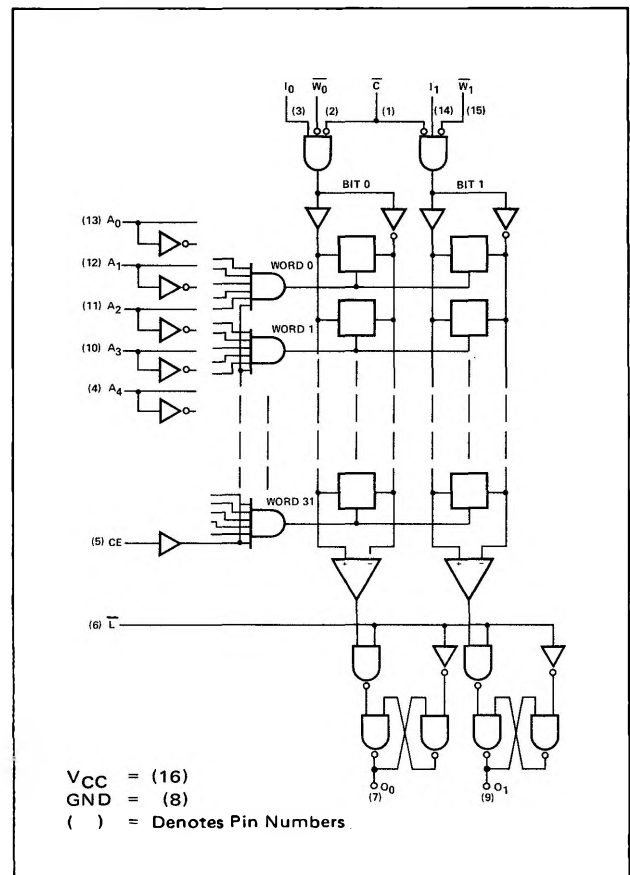
FEATURES

- BUFFERED ADDRESS LINES
- ON CHIP LATCHES
- ON CHIP DECODING
- BIT MASKING CONTROL LINES
- ENABLE CONTROL LINE
- OPEN COLLECTOR OUTPUTS WITH 48 mA CAPABILITY
- PROTECTED INPUTS
- VERY HIGH SPEEDS (25ns TYP)

APPLICATIONS

- SCRATCH PAD MEMORY
- BUFFER MEMORY
- ACCUMULATOR REGISTER
- CONTROL STORE

LOGIC DIAGRAM



TRUTH TABLE

CE	\overline{C}	$\overline{W_0}$	$\overline{W_1}$	\overline{L}	Mode	Outputs
X	X	X	X	0	Output Hold	Data from last addressed word when CE = "1"
0	X	X	X	1	Read & Write Disabled	Disabled logic "1"
1	1	X	X	X	Read	Data stored in addressed word
1	0	1	1	X	Read	Data stored in addressed word
1	0	0	0	0	Write Data	Data from last word address when L went from "1" to "0"
1	0	0	0	1	Write Data	Data being written into memory
1	0	1	0	X	Write Data into Bit 0 Only	If $\overline{L} = 0$: Data from last word address when L went from "1" to "0"
1	0	0	1	X	Write Data into Bit 1 Only	If $\overline{L} = 1$: Data being written into the selected bit location and stored in other addressed location

SIGNETICS DIGITAL 8000 SERIES TTL/MSI – 82S21

OBJECTIVE ELECTRICAL CHARACTERISTICS ($T_A = 25^\circ\text{C}$ and $V_{CC} = 5.0\text{V}$)

CHARACTERISTICS	LIMITS				TEST CONDITIONS	NOTES
	MIN.	TYP.	MAX.	UNITS		
"0" Output Voltage			.5	V	$V_{out} = 40\text{mA}$ $V_{out} = 5.5\text{V}$ $V_{in} = 0.5\text{V}$ $V_{in} = 2.4\text{V}$	
"1" Output Leakage Current			250	μA		
"0" Input Current (All Inputs)			-1.6	mA		
"1" Input Current (All Inputs)			40	μA		
Input "0" Threshold Voltage			0.85	V		
Input "1" Threshold Voltage	2.0			V		
Power Supply Current			150	mA		
Read Access Time Address to Output t_1		25		ns		
Address Set-Up Time Address to Latest C(-) or W(-)	t_2	8		ns		5
Data Set-Up Time to Latest C(-) or W(-)	t_3	8		ns		5
Address Hold Time Earliest C(+) or W(+) to Address	t_4	0		ns	5	
Control or Write Pulse Width	t_5	20		ns		
Write Access Time Latest I_x or W(-) or C(-) to Output	t_6	25		ns	5	
Latch Output Set-Up Time Output to L(-)	t_7	0		ns	5	
Latch Address Hold Time L(-) to Address	t_8	10		ns	5	
Delatch Access Time L(+) to Output	t_9	15		ns	5	
Data Hold Time Earliest C(+) or W(+) to I_x	t_{10}	5		ns	5	

NOTES:

1. Positive current is defined as into the Terminal.
2. No more than one output should be grounded at the same time.
3. Applied voltages must not exceed 5.5V. Input current must not exceed $\pm 12\text{ mA}$.
4. Output current must not exceed $\pm 100\text{ mA}$. Storage temperature must be within the -60°C to $+150^\circ\text{C}$ range.
5. Manufacturer reserves the right to make design and process changes and improvements.
(+) means positive going transition of the voltage signal.
(-) means negative going transition of the voltage signal.

AC WAVEFORMS

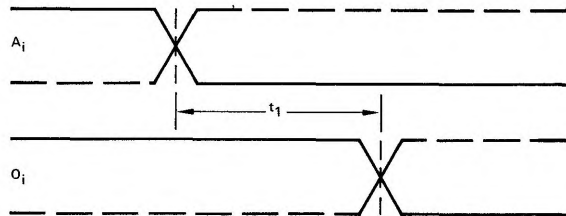


Fig. 1 Read Access Time

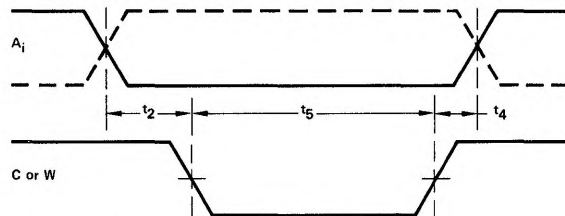
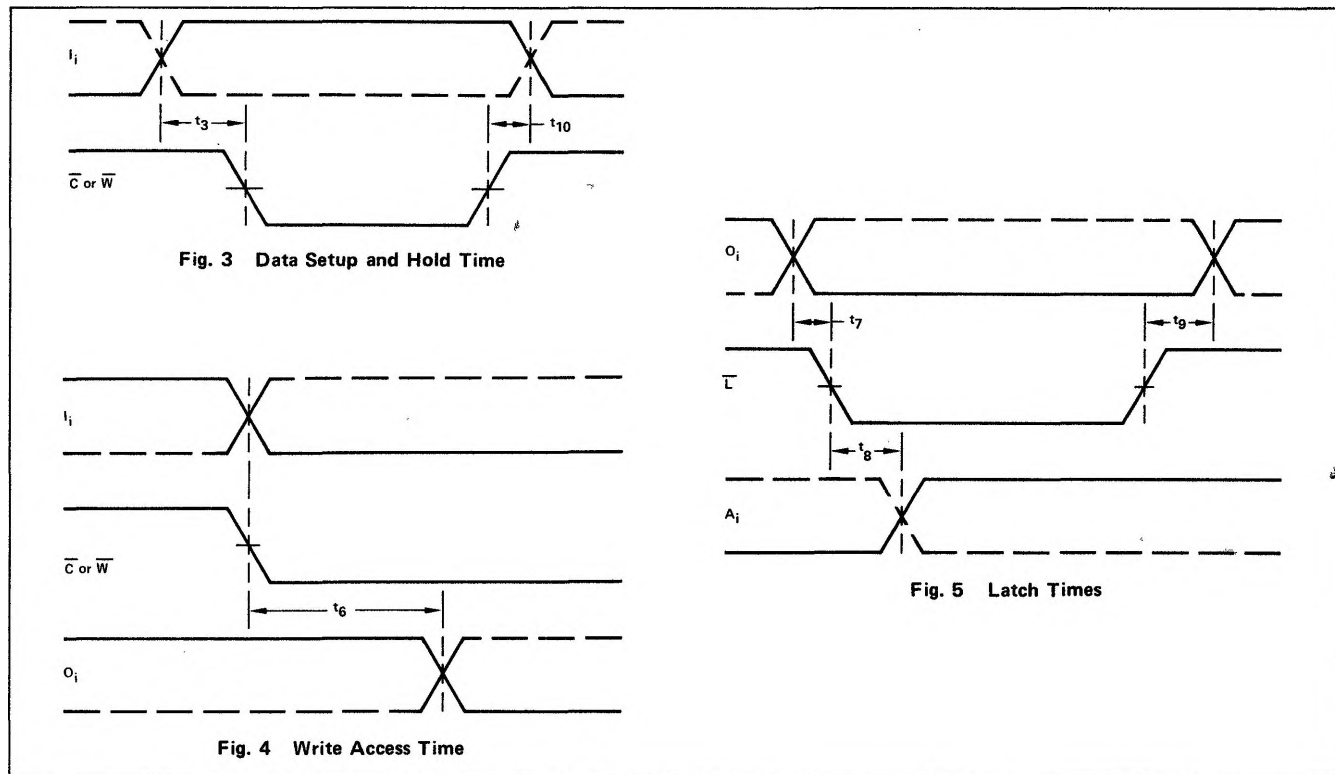
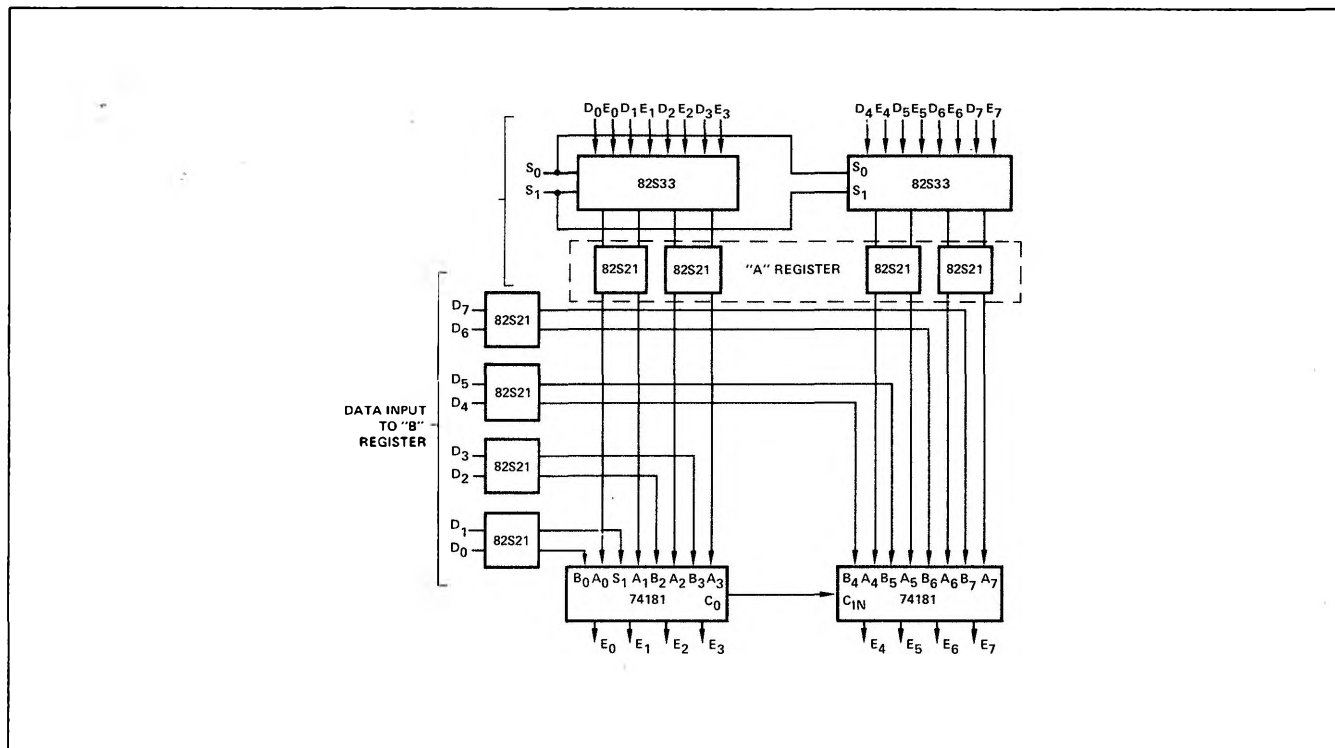


Fig. 2 Address Setup and Hold Time

AC WAVEFORMS



TYPICAL APPLICATION



BASIC 8 BIT FULLY BUFFERED ACCUMULATOR

By use of the control lines S_0 and S_1 data is loaded into the "A" register through inputs D_X or from the outputs of the 74181's (E_X) to the 82S33's and stored in the 82S21's organized as a 32 x 8 RAM register. Data is loaded directly into the "B" register. With this arrangement, the function $A+B \rightarrow A$ (A plus B into A) can be performed in 70ns, typically, starting from data stored in the 82S21's.