Monolithic Digital IC

LB1860,1860M,1861,1861M

Variable Speed Fan Motor Driver

Overview

The LB1860 series ICs are drivers for two-phase unipolar drive DC brushless fan motors. They have functions such as driving, lock protection, restart and speed control.

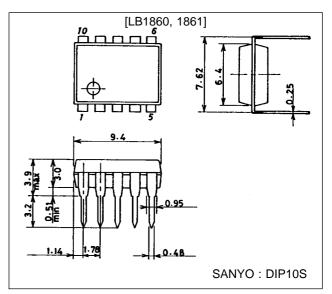
Features and Functions

- Two-speed mode select function requiring less external component additions: Full speed and Low speed. Or, thermistor-controlled continuous variable-speed function according to ambient operation temperatures.
 → Motor starts rotating at a low speed.
- · Motor lock protection and automatic return circuit built in
- Output transistors: Output current $I_O = 1.5$ A, output circuit protection Zener diodes (LB1860: M-Vz = 57 V/ LB1861: M-Vz = 32 V)
- \rightarrow Enables low-level noise protection with chip capacitor.
- Built-in thermal shutdown circuit
- Built-in rotation detect function (Drive mode: "L", Stop mode: "H")
- The LB1860 series can be operated from either 12 V or 24 V power supply by changing an external resistor. (Strong protection against power supply surge)
- Connectable direct to a Hall element

Package Dimensions

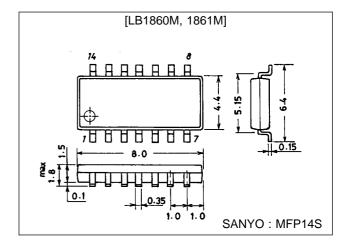
unit: mm

3098B-DIP10S



unit: mm

3111-MFP14S



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Specifications

Absolute Maximum Ratings at $Ta = 25 \circ C$, (): LB1860M, LB1861M

Parameter	Symbol	Conditions	Ratings	Unit
Maximum input current	I _{CC} max	$t \leq 20 \text{ ms}$	200	mA
Output supply voltage	V _{OUT}		Internal	V
Output current	IOUT		1.5	А
RD flow-in current	I _{RD}		10	mA
RD supply voltage	V _{RD}		50	V
Allowable power dissipation	Pd1 max		1.1	W
Allowable power dissipation	Pd2 max	Mounted on $20 \times 15 \times 1.5$ mm glass epoxy board	(0.8)	W
Operating temperature	Topr		-30 to +80	°C
Storage temperature	Tstg		-55 to +125	°C

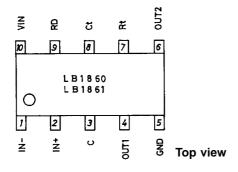
Allowable Operating Ranges at Ta = $25 \circ C$

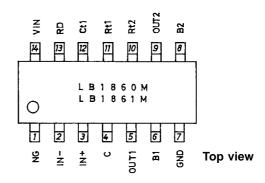
Parameter	Symbol	Conditions	Ratings	Unit
Input current range	I _{CC}		6.0 to 50	mA
Common-mode input voltage range	VICM		0 to V _{IN} –1.5	V

Electrical Characteristics at Ta = 25 °C, I_{CC} = 10 mA

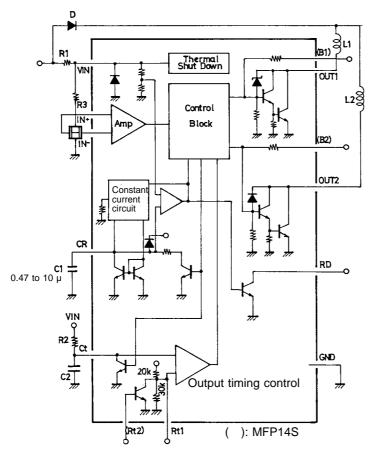
Parameter	Symbol	Conditions	min	typ	max	Unit
Output limiting voltage	\/1	LB1860, 1860M: I _O = 0.1 A	54	57	60	V
Output limiting voltage	V _{OLM} 1	LB1861, 1861M: I _O = 0.1 A	30	32	34	V
	V _{O sat1}	I _O = 0.5 A		0.95	1.2	V
Output saturation voltage	V _{O sat2}	I _O = 1.0 A		1.15	1.5	V
	V _{O sat3}	I _O = 1.5 A		1.4	2.0	V
Input voltage	V _{IN}	I _{CC} = 7.0 mA	6.4	6.7	7.0	V
Amp input offset voltage	VOFF		-7.0	0	7.0	mV
Amp input bias current	I _{BA}		-250			nA
RD output saturation voltage	V _{RD} (sat)	I _{RD} = 5 mA		0.15	0.3	V
C flow-out current	I _C 1	C = GND	2.7	3.9	5.0	μA
C discharge current	I _C 2	$C = V_{IN}$	0.35	0.50	0.65	μA
Comparator input threshold	V _{TH} 1		0.77	0.8 V _{IN}	0.83	V
voltage	V _{TH} 2		0.44	0.47 V _{IN}	0.50	V
Ct discharge voltage	Vct		0.18	0.2 V _{IN}	0.22	V
Rt input current	I _{RT}	V _{RT} = GND	-440	-350	-240	μA
Rt comparator voltage	V _{RT}	R _T = OPEN	0.59	0.62 V _{IN}	0.65	V
Thermal protection circuit operating voltage	TSD	Design target		180		°C
Thermal protection circuit hysteresis	∆TSD	Design target		40		°C

Pin Assignments





Block Diagram and Application Circuit



Unit (resistance: Ω, capacitance: F)

Figure 1

Truth Table

(): LB1860M, 1861M

IN⁺	IN ⁻	Ct	Rt1	Rt2	CR	OUT1	OUT2	RD	Mode
н	L	Н	L		L	Н	L	L	Full speed
L	Н	Н	L		L	L	Н	L	Full speed
(H)	(L)	—	_	(H)	(L)	(H)	(L)	(L)	(Full speed)
(L)	(H)	—	_	(H)	(L)	(L)	(H)	(L)	(Full speed)
—	—	L	Н	L	L	Н	Н	L	Low speed
—	_	—	_		Н	Н	Н	Н	Lock protection

Designer's Notes

- (1) Variable-speed circuit (Rt and Ct pins) Refer to the application circuit diagram
- The time constant gained by external components C2 and R2 is used to set the length of an 'off' operation time period after phase switching. This means that the variable-speed operations can be performed by changing the 'on' operation time of each phase through the duty control.
- The sawtooth waveform signals are generated by the C2-R2 time constant. The voltage of this signal (Ct pin voltage) increases from 1.3 V to 4.0 V (Vct) at each phase switching. That is, during this period, the driver becomes inactive (t_{off}), in which output circuit is turned off.
- If $V_{CC} \ge 4.0$ V, the driver IC remains active (t_{on}) until the next phase switching. During this period, output circuit is turned on. • If the active drive time of each phase is assumed to 't_o', the following relation can be established:

 $\begin{array}{rcl} t_{o} &=& t_{off} &+& t_{on} \\ &\uparrow &\uparrow \\ && \uparrow \\ && Fixed & Rotation speed \\ && constant & proportional constant \\ && t_{off} = 0.69 \bullet C2 \bullet R2 \ldots \end{array} \tag{1}$

- From this relation, it can be observed that the 't_o' and 't_{on}' are in proportional relation with each other, and that the 't_{on}/t_o' equals the 'on' time duty. As a result, a certain rotation speed can be fixed despite the fact that rotation speed exclusively depends on each motor.
- At the start, the ' t_{on} ' value becomes longer while the ' t_{off} ' value remains unchanged. This means that the ' t_{off}/t_{o} ' duty becomes small enough compared to normal rotation mode. Therefore, the same start torque as that of the full speed rotation can be obtained because the 'on' operation time duty increases. This enables the motor to start at a very low speed.

(2) Supply voltage (V_{IN} pin)

- The LB1860 has the internal parallel regulator which supplies power to the Hall amplifier circuit and the control block. Therefore, the driver ICs are not affected by power source fluctuations and kickbacks from the motor. They maintain the stable operations even if noise signals such as surge are generated.
- Set the resistance R1 between V_{CC} and V_{IN} so that the I_{CC} current of 6 mA to 50 mA can flow onto the V_{IN} pin within the supply voltage range of a fan motor.
- V_{IN} is 6.7 V typ at $I_{CC} = 7$ mA.
- The current flowing into V_{IN} is calculated using the equation shown below.

$$I_{CC} = \frac{V_{CC} - V_{IN}}{R1}$$
(2)

- · Consideration given to surge voltage
- The maximum allowable current at V_{IN} pin is 200 mA. Therefore, the pin is designed to withstand abnormal positive voltage of:

(3) Hall input pin voltage (Pins IN⁻, IN⁺)

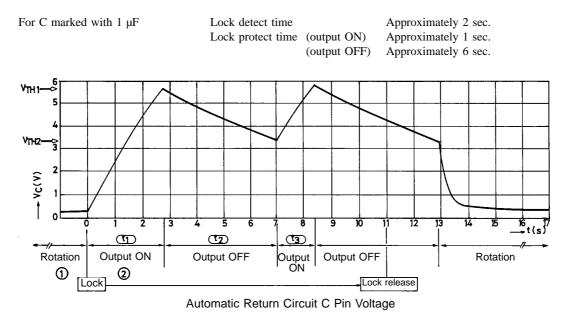
- Set the voltage levels of the input pin for the Hall element output and the Hall element output voltage to within the range of 0 V to $V_{IN} - 1.5$ V.
- The gain between the hall input pin and the output pin is 100 dB or greater. The offset voltage of the hall input amp is ± 7 mV, therefore, the hall element output must be set with the offset voltage (±7 mV) considered.

(4) Output transistor (Pins OUT1, OUT2)

- Output current
- $I_{O} = 1.5 \text{ A max}$ $V_{O} \text{ sat} = 1.15 \text{ V}/1.0 \text{ A typ}$ · Output saturation voltage
- $V_{OLM} = 57 V \text{ typ} (LB1860, 1860M)$ • Output limiting voltage
 - $V_{OLM} = 32 V \text{ typ} (LB1861, 1861M)$
- Since the LB1860 series have a protect zener diode between collector and base, the kickback voltage induced by the coil is cut at V_{OLM} = 57 V (32 V). When external capacitors are connected between OUT and GND, the capacitance should not exceed 10 µF.

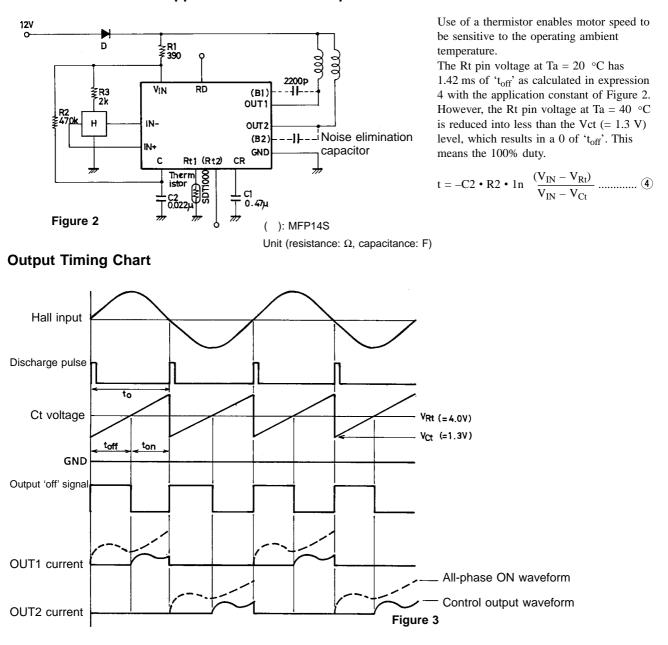
(5) Output protection function (C pin)

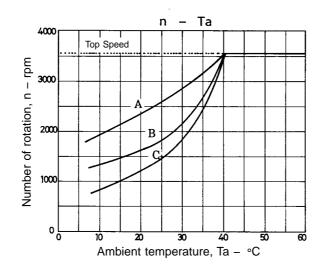
- · Capacitor pin used in forming an automatic return circuit.
- If rotation is stopped due to overload, the pin voltage level increases and then forces the output to become inactive. In this case, after proper load adjustment, the output returns to the 'drive' mode from the 'stop' mode automatically. By changing the capacitor value, the lock detect time period can be set.

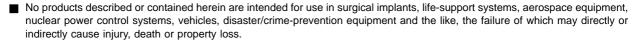


- 1 When a fan is rotating, the capacitor is charged at 4 μ A (typ) and discharged through the C with pulses according to the rotational speed.
- 2 When a fan is locked, no discharge occurs through the C and the C voltage rises, turning OFF the output at $0.8 \times V_{IN}$.
- (3) When the output is turned OFF, discharge occurs through the C at 0.5 μ A (typ). If the lock is not released when the C voltage drops to V_{TH}2, the capacitor is charged to V_{TH}1 again. (At this moment, the output is turned ON.) These operations (2) and (3) repeated at a cycle of approximately t_{on} : t_{off} = 1:6 protect a motor.
- (4) If the lock is released when the C voltage drops to $V_{TH}2$, the output is turned ON, starting rotation.
- (6) Rotation detect signal (RD pin)
- Open collector output (Drive mode: "L", Stop mode: "H")
- (7) Radio noise reducing (Pins B1, B2)
- · Base pin of Darlington connection output transistor
- If radio noises need to be processed properly, the following actions should be taken:
 - (1) Connect a capacitor of 0.01 μ to 0.1 μ F between B1 and B2.
 - (2) Connect a capacitor of 0.001 μ to 0.01 μ F between OUT and B.
 - If output causes oscillation, add a resistor of 200 Ω to 1 k Ω in series with a capacitor.
- (8) Thermal shutdown function
- Shutdown the driver output in case of coil short-circuiting and abnormal IC heating.

Thermistor-controlled Application Circuit Example







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