

CMOS Operational Amplifier with Programmable Offset Correction Function

## Overview

The LC7972VA and LC7972VB are dual inverting/noninverting operational amplifier ICs that are fabricated in a CMOS process. These ICs provide a programmable offset correction function and a power saving function for use when the operational amplifier is unused, both of which can be controlled from a microprocessor interface.

## **Features**

- High input impedance provided by fabrication in a CMOS process.
- Low power provided by fabrication in a CMOS process.
- One of two types of operational amplifier can be selected: inverting (operational amplifier 1) or noninverting (operational amplifier 2)
- Operating supply voltage: 4.9 to 5.2 V
- Package: SSOP20
- Operating temperature: Ta = -30 to  $+70^{\circ}C$

• The following modes are supported. These are selected via port level settings.

LC7972VA, 7972VB

# **Package Dimensions**

unit: mm

#### 3179A-SSOP20



Port	Level	Function
OP1ON	L	Operational amplifier 1: Operation stopped (low-power mode)
	Н	Operational amplifier 1: Normal operation (OP2ON must be low in this mode.)
ODOON	L	Operational amplifier 2: Operation stopped (low-power mode)
OP2ON	Н	Operational amplifier 2: Normal operation (OP1ON must be low in this mode.)
OFST1	L	Operational amplifier 1: Offset mode (inverting input = V <sub>SS</sub> )
	Н	Operational amplifier 1: Operating mode (inverting input = normal input)
OFST2	L	Operational amplifier 2: Offset mode (noninverting input = $V_{SS}$ )
	Н	Operational amplifier 2: Operating mode (noninverting input = normal input)
CLKC	L	Operational amplifier power supply clock: Internal clock

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#### **Pin Assignment**



A07355

#### **Pin Functions**

Pin		Function		
No.	Symbol	Function		
1	DV <sub>DD</sub>	Digital system power supply. Normally connected to +5 V.		
2	EXT	Must be tied low.		
3	CLKC	Must be tied low.		
4	OP2ON	Operational amplifier 2 operation control		
5	OFST2	Operational amplifier 2 mode control		
6	OP10N	Operational amplifier 1 operation control		
7	OFST1	Operational amplifier 1 mode control		
8	TGO	Operational amplifier 1 VSS/small voltage output		
9	OP1I	Operational amplifier 1 input		
10	OP10	Operational amplifier 1 output		
11	OP2O	Operational amplifier 2 output		
12	OP2I	Operational amplifier 2 input		
13	TGI	Small voltage input common to operational amplifiers 1 and 2		
14	AV <sub>SS</sub> M	Operational amplifier power supply minus voltage generation		
15	AV <sub>DD</sub>	Analog system power supply. Normally connected to +5 V.		
16	AV <sub>SS</sub> P	Operational amplifier power supply external Zener diode connection		
17	AV <sub>SS</sub>	Analog system ground. Must be connected to 0 V.		
18	CUP2	Operational amplifier power supply external capacitor connection 2		
19	CUP1	Operational amplifier power supply external capacitor connection 1		
20	DVSS	Digital system ground. Must be connected to 0 V.		

#### System Block Diagram and Sample Application

A circuit that amplifies very small voltages around the  $V_{SS}$  level can be constructed by adding the peripheral circuits shown in the figure below.



# Specifications Absolute Maximum Ratings at Ta = 25°C, $V_{SS}$ = 0 V

Parameter	Symbol	Conditions	Ratings	Unit
Maximum supply voltage V <sub>DD</sub> max V <sub>DD</sub>		V <sub>DD</sub>	-0.3 to +7.0	V
Dutput voltage V <sub>O</sub> OP10, OP20, TGO		OP10, OP20, TGO	-0.3 to V <sub>DD</sub> +0.3	V
Input voltage	V <sub>I</sub> 1	OP1ON, OFST1, OP2ON, OFST2, EXT, CLKC, CUP2, CUP1, AV <sub>SS</sub> P, OP1I, OP2I, TGI	–0.3 to V <sub>DD</sub> +0.3	V
	V <sub>l</sub> 2	AV <sub>SS</sub> M	-3 to +0.3	V
Peak output current I <sub>OP</sub> OP10, OP20, TGO		OP10, OP20, TGO	-1 to +1	mA
Average output current	I <sub>OA</sub>	OP10, OP20, TGO : The current per pin	-1 to +1	mA
Allowable power dissipation	Pd max	SSOP20 : Ta = -30 to +70°C	100	mW
Operating temperature	Topr		-30 to +70	°C
Storage temperature	Tstg		-55 to +125	°C

# Allowable Operating Ranges at Ta = -30 to $+70^{\circ}$ C, $V_{SS} = 0$ V, $V_{DD} = 4.9$ to 5.2 V, unless otherwise specified

Deremeter	Symbol	Conditions	Ratings			Linit
Falameter			min	typ	max	
Supply voltage	V <sub>DD</sub>	V <sub>DD</sub>	4.9		5.2	V
Input high-level voltage	V <sub>IH</sub>	OP1ON, OFST1, OP2ON, OFST2	0.7 V <sub>DD</sub>		V <sub>DD</sub>	V
	V <sub>IL</sub> 1	OP1ON, OFST1, OP2ON, OFST2, CLKC	V <sub>SS</sub>		0.3 V <sub>DD</sub>	V
Input low-level voltage	V <sub>IL</sub> 2	EXT	V <sub>SS</sub>		0.3 V <sub>DD</sub>	V
Common-mode input voltage	V <sub>IC</sub>		0		4.2	V
Voltage drop	D <sub>V</sub>	$AV_{SS}M$ : Zener diode = 5.1 V (X rank specified)		-0.2		V

# Electrical Characteristics at Ta = -30 to +70 $^{\circ}C,$ V\_{SS} = 0 V, V\_{DD} = 4.9 to 5.2 V, unless otherwise specified

Deremeter	Symbol	Conditions	Ratings			Linit	
Parameter			min	typ	max	Unit	
	I <sub>IH</sub> 1	OP1ON, OFST1, OP2ON, OFST2 : $V_{IN} = V_{DD}$			1.0	μA	
Input nign-level current	I <sub>IH</sub> 2	TGI: $V_{IN} = V_{DD}$ , with the built-in TG off.			1.0	μA	
Input low-level current	I <sub>IL</sub> 1	OP1ON, OFST1, OP2ON, OFST2, EXT, CLKC : $V_{IN} = V_{SS}$	-1.0			μA	
	I <sub>IL</sub> 2	TGI: $V_{IN} = V_{SS}$ , with the built-in TG off.	-1.0			μA	
Output high-level voltage	V <sub>OH</sub>	OP1O, OP2O : I <sub>OH</sub> = −3 μA	V <sub>DD</sub> - 0.5			V	
Output low-level voltage	V <sub>OL</sub>	OP1O, OP2O : Ι <sub>OL</sub> = 3 μA			0.5	V	
Operational amplifier 1 gain-related resistance	Rtg + 2Rs	TGO, TGI	500	700	900	Ω	
Operational amplifier 1 gain-related resistance difference	Rx–Ry	TGO, TGI: Offset mode: Rx = Rtg + 2Rs Operating mode: Ry = Rtg + 2Rs			80	Ω	
Current drain							
Operating	IDDOP	V <sub>DD</sub> ; Using the internal clock, with the operational amplifier 1 circuit operating.		700	900	μA	
Standby	IDDST	V <sub>DD</sub> ; Both operational amplifiers 1 and 2 stopped.		0.05	10	μA	

# Operational Amplifier Characteristics at Ta = $25^{\circ}C \pm 2^{\circ}C$ , $V_{SS} = 0 V$ , $V_{DD} = 4.9$ to 5.2 V, unless otherwise specified

Deremeter	Symbol	Conditions		Lloit		
Falameter			min	typ	max	Unit
		OP1I, OP2I : LC7972VA		5	10.5	mV
Input offset voltage	VIO	LC7972VB		5	15	mV
Supply voltage rejection ratio	P <sub>SRR</sub>	1 kHz		60		dB
Common-mode rejection ratio	C <sub>MRR</sub>			60		dB
Open-loop voltage gain	A <sub>O</sub>			80		dB
0-dB bandwidth	f <sub>T</sub>			90		kHz
Maximum output voltage	Vo	OP10, OP20 : $R_L \ge 100 \text{ k}\Omega$		V <sub>DD</sub> – 0.5		V
Current drain	I <sub>CC</sub>	For the operational amplifier 1 circuit		100		μA
Settling time	T <sub>SET</sub>	OP10, OP20		900		μs