# $\square \rightarrow$ LC89975M 

## PAL-Format Delay Line

## Preliminary

## Overview

The LC89975M is a lower-cost PAL-Format CCD delay line based on the LC89970M, with the sizes of chip and package miniaturized and the external parts count reduced.

## Features

- 5 V single-voltage power supply
- On-chip $3 \times$ PLL circuit for 3 •fsc operation from an fsc (4.43 MHz) input
- Supports PAL/GBI and 4.43 NTSC systems, selected by a control pin input
- Includes an on-chip comb filter for chrominance signal crosstalk exclusion. This adjustment-free circuit provides high-precision comb characteristics.
- Peripheral circuits included on chip to allow operation with minimal external circuits.
- Positive-phase signal input, positive phase signal output (luminance signal)


## Functions

- CCD shift register (for chrominance and luminance signals)
- CCD drive circuit
- Circuit for switching the number of CCD stages
- CCD signal addition circuit
- Auto-bias circuit
- Sync tip clamping circuit (luminance signal)
- Center bias circuit (chrominance signal)
- Sample-and-hold circuit
- PLL $3 \times$ circuit
- 3 •fsc clock output circuit
- RD voltage generation step-up circuit


## Package Dimensions

unit: mm
3111-MFP14S


## Specifications

Absolute Maximum Ratings at $\mathbf{T a}=\mathbf{2 5}{ }^{\circ} \mathrm{C}$

| Parameter | Symbol | Conditions | Ratings | Unit |
| :--- | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Supply voltage | $\mathrm{V}_{\mathrm{DD}}$ |  | -0.3 to +6.0 | V |
| Allowable power dissipation | Pdmax |  | 250 | mW |
| Operating temperature | Topr |  | -10 to +60 | ${ }^{\circ} \mathrm{C}$ |
| Storage temperature | Tstg |  | -55 to +150 | ${ }^{\circ} \mathrm{C}$ |

## Recommended Conditions at $\mathbf{T a}=\mathbf{2 5}^{\boldsymbol{}} \mathbf{C}$

| Parameter | Symbol | Conditions | min | typ | max |
| :--- | :---: | :---: | ---: | ---: | :---: |
| Unit |  |  |  |  |  |
| Supply voltage | $\mathrm{V}_{\mathrm{DD}}$ |  | 4.75 | 5.00 | 5.25 |
| Clock input amplitude | $\mathrm{V}_{\text {CLK }}$ |  | 300 | 500 | 1000 |
| Clock frequency | $\mathrm{F}_{\mathrm{CLK}}$ | Sine wave | - | $\mathrm{mVp}-\mathrm{p}$ |  |
| Chrominance signal input amplitude | $\mathrm{V}_{\text {IN-C }}$ |  | - | - | MHz |
| Luminance signal input amplitude | $\mathrm{V}_{\text {IN-Y }}$ |  | - | 350 | 500 |

## Pin Assignment



## Block Diagram



## Control Pin

| CONT | Mode <br> (typical example) | Chrominance signal delay <br> (number of CCD stages) | Luminance signal delay <br> (number of CCD stages) |
| :--- | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Low | PAL/GBI | $2 \mathrm{H}(1705)+0 \mathrm{H}(2.5)$ | $1 \mathrm{H}(849)$ |
| High | 4.43 NTSC | $1 \mathrm{H}(847)+0 \mathrm{H}(2.5)$ | $1 \mathrm{H}(843)$ |

Switching levels

| Low/High | Symbol | min | typ | $\max$ | Unit |
| :--- | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Low | $\mathrm{V}_{\mathrm{L}}$ | -0.3 | 0.0 | +0.5 | V |
| High | $\mathrm{V}_{\mathrm{H}}$ | 2.0 | 5.0 | 6.0 | V |

Note: Since a pull-down resistor of about $70 \mathrm{k} \Omega$ is built in the control pin circuit, it will remain fixed at the low level if left open.

## 3fsc Pin

This pin outputs the $3 \cdot f$ fsc clock signal generated by the PLL $3 \times$ circuit.


Electrical Characteristics at $\mathrm{V}_{\mathrm{DD}}=5.0 \mathrm{~V}, \mathrm{Ta}=25^{\circ} \mathrm{C}, \mathrm{F}_{\mathrm{CLK}}=4.43361875 \mathrm{MHz}, \mathrm{V}_{\mathrm{CLK}}=500 \mathrm{mVp}-\mathrm{p}$

| Parameter | Symbol | Test conditions | Switch states |  |  | min | typ | max | Unit |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  |  |  | SW1 | SW2 | SW3 |  |  |  |  |
| Power-supply current | IDD-1 | 1 | a | a | b | 27 | 32 | 37 | mA |
|  | IDD-2 |  | b | a | b |  |  |  |  |

Chrominance System Characteristics (with no signal applied to the Y-IN pin)

| Parameter | Symbol | Test conditions | Switch states |  |  | min | typ | max | Unit |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  |  |  | SW1 | SW2 | SW3 |  |  |  |  |
| Pin voltage (input) | $\mathrm{V}_{\text {INC-1 }}$ | 2 | a | a | b | 2.2 | 2.7 | 3.2 | V |
|  | $\mathrm{V}_{\text {INC-2 }}$ |  | b | a | b |  |  |  |  |
| Pin voltage (output) | $\mathrm{V}_{\text {OUTC-1 }}$ |  | a | a | b | 1.5 | 2.0 | 2.5 | V |
|  | $\mathrm{V}_{\text {OUTC-2 }}$ |  | b | a | b |  |  |  |  |
| Voltage gain | $\mathrm{G}_{\mathrm{VC}-1}$ | 3 | a | a | b | 0 | 2 | 4 | dB |
|  | $\mathrm{G}_{\mathrm{Vc}-2}$ |  | b | a | b |  |  |  |  |
| Comb depth | $\mathrm{C}_{\mathrm{D}-1}$ | 4 | a | a | b | - | -40 | -35 | dB |
|  | $\mathrm{C}_{\mathrm{D}-2}$ |  | b | a | b |  |  |  |  |
| Linearity | $\mathrm{L}_{\mathrm{NC}-1}$ | 5 | a | a | b | -0.3 | 0.0 | +0.3 | dB |
|  | $\mathrm{L}_{\text {NC-2 }}$ |  | b | a | b |  |  |  |  |
| Clock leakage (3.fsc) | $\mathrm{L}_{\text {CK3C-1 }}$ | 6 | a | a | b | - | 10 | 50 | mVrms |
|  | $\mathrm{L}_{\text {СK3C-2 }}$ |  | b | a | b |  |  |  |  |
| Clock leakage fsc) | L ${ }_{\text {CK1C-1 }}$ |  | a | a | b | - | 0.5 | 1.5 | mVrms |
|  | L ${ }_{\text {CK1C-2 }}$ |  | b | a | b |  |  |  |  |
| Noise | $\mathrm{N}_{\mathrm{C}-1}$ | 7 | a | a | b | - | 0.5 | 2.0 | mVrms |
|  | $\mathrm{N}_{\mathrm{C}-2}$ |  | b | a | b |  |  |  |  |
| Output impedance | $\mathrm{Z}_{\mathrm{OC}-1}$ | 8 | a | a | a, b | 200 | 350 | 500 | $\Omega$ |
|  | $\mathrm{Z}_{\mathrm{OC}-2}$ |  | b | a | a, b |  |  |  |  |
| OH delay time | $\mathrm{T}_{\text {DC-1 }}$ | 9 | a | a | b | - | 245 | - | ns |
|  | TDC-2 |  | b | a | b |  |  |  |  |

## Luminance System Characteristics (with no signals applied to the C-IN1 and C-IN2 pins)

| Parameter | Symbol | Test conditions | Switch states |  |  | min | typ | max | Unit |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  |  |  | SW1 | SW2 | SW3 |  |  |  |  |
| Pin voltage (input) | $\mathrm{V}_{\text {INY-1 }}$ | 10 | a | a | b | 1.7 | 2.2 | 2.7 | V |
|  | $\mathrm{V}_{\text {INY-2 }}$ |  | b | a | b |  |  |  |  |
| Pin voltage (output) | $\mathrm{V}_{\text {OUTY-1 }}$ |  | a | a | b | 0.8 | 1.3 | 1.8 | V |
|  | $\mathrm{V}_{\text {OUTY-2 }}$ |  | b | a | b |  |  |  |  |
| Voltage gain | $\mathrm{G}_{\mathrm{VY}-1}$ | 11 | a | a | b | 0 | 2 | 4 | dB |
|  | $\mathrm{G}_{\mathrm{VY}-2}$ |  | b | a | b |  |  |  |  |
| Frequency response | $\mathrm{G}_{\mathrm{FY}-1}$ | 12 | a | b | b | -2 | 0 | 2 | dB |
|  | $\mathrm{G}_{\mathrm{FY}-2}$ |  | b | b | b |  |  |  |  |
| Differential gain | $\mathrm{D}_{\mathrm{GY}-1}$ | 13 | a | a | b | 0 | 5 | 7 | \% |
|  | $\mathrm{D}_{\mathrm{GY}-2}$ |  | b | a | b |  |  |  |  |
| Differential phase | $\mathrm{D}_{\text {PY-1 }}$ |  | a | a | b | 0 | 5 | 7 | deg |
|  | $\mathrm{D}_{\text {PY-2 }}$ |  | b | a | b |  |  |  |  |
| Linearity | $\mathrm{L}_{\mathrm{SY}-1}$ | 14 | a | a | b | 37 | 40 | 43 | \% |
|  | $L_{\text {SY-2 }}$ |  | b | a | b |  |  |  |  |
| Clock leakage (3.fsc) | $\mathrm{L}_{\text {CK3Y-1 }}$ | 15 | a | a | b | - | 10 | 50 | mVrms |
|  | $\mathrm{L}_{\text {СКЗ }}$ |  | b | a | b |  |  |  |  |
| Clock leakage (fsc) | $L_{\text {CK1Y-1 }}$ |  | a | a | b | - | 0.5 | 1.5 | mVrms |
|  | $\mathrm{L}_{\text {CK1Y-2 }}$ |  | b | a | b |  |  |  |  |
| Noise | $\mathrm{N}_{\mathrm{Y}-1}$ | 16 | a | a | b | - | 0.5 | 2.0 | mVrms |
|  | $\mathrm{N}_{\mathrm{Y}-2}$ |  | b | a | b |  |  |  |  |
| Output impedance | $\mathrm{Z}_{\mathrm{OY}-1}$ | 17 | a | a | c, b | 250 | 400 | 550 | $\Omega$ |
|  | $\mathrm{Z}_{\mathrm{OY}-2}$ |  | b | a | c, b |  |  |  |  |
| Delay time | TDY-1 | 18 | a | a | b | - | 63.88 | - | $\mu \mathrm{s}$ |
|  | T DY-2 |  | b | a | b | - | 63.43 | - |  |

## LC89975M

## Test Conditions

1. Power-supply current with no input signal applied
2. Pin output voltage with no input signal applied (center bias voltage)
3. Measure the C-OUT output when $350-\mathrm{mVp}$-p sine wave signals are input to $\mathrm{C}-\mathrm{IN} 1$ and $\mathrm{C}-\mathrm{IN} 2$.

$$
\mathrm{G}_{\mathrm{VC}}=20 \log \frac{\text { C-OUT output }[\mathrm{mVp}-\mathrm{p}]}{350[\mathrm{mVp}-\mathrm{p}]}[\mathrm{dB}]
$$

Measured frequencies

$$
\begin{array}{lll}
\mathrm{G}_{\mathrm{VC}-1} & 4.429662 \mathrm{MHz} & \text { (PAL/GBI) } \\
\mathrm{G}_{\mathrm{VC}-2} & 4.425694 \mathrm{MHz} & (4.43 \mathrm{NTSC})
\end{array}
$$

4. Measure the comb depth from the C-OUT output when $350-\mathrm{mV}$ p-p sine wave signals of frequency fa are input to CIN1 and C-IN2 and when signals of frequency fb are input.

$$
C_{D}=20 \log \frac{\text { The C-OUT output for an fb input }[\mathrm{mVp}-\mathrm{p}]}{\text { The C-OUT output for an fa input }[\mathrm{mVp}-\mathrm{p}]}[\mathrm{dB}]
$$

Measured frequencies
$\mathrm{C}_{\mathrm{D}-1}$
$\mathrm{C}_{\mathrm{D}-2}$
fa
4.429662 MHz $\quad 4.425756 \mathrm{MHz}$
4.425694 MHz
(PAL/GBI)
(4.43 NTSC)

5. Measure the C-OUT output when $200-\mathrm{mV}$ p-p sine wave signals are input to C-IN1 and C-IN2 and when $500-\mathrm{mV}$-p sine wave signals are input and calculate the gain difference.

$$
\mathrm{L}_{\mathrm{NC}}=20 \log \left(\frac{\text { Output for a } 500-\mathrm{mVp}-\mathrm{p} \text { input }[\mathrm{mVp}-\mathrm{p}]}{500[\mathrm{mVp}-\mathrm{p}]}, \frac{\text { Output for a 200-mVp-p input }[\mathrm{mVp}-\mathrm{p}]}{200[\mathrm{mVp}-\mathrm{p}]}\right)[\mathrm{dB}]
$$

Measured frequencies

| $\mathrm{L}_{\mathrm{NC}-1}$ | 4.429662 MHz | (PAL/GBI) |
| :--- | :--- | :--- |
| $\mathrm{L}_{\mathrm{NC}-2}$ | 4.425694 MHz | (4.43 NTSC) |

6. Measure the $3 \cdot \mathrm{fsc}(13.3 \mathrm{MHz})$ and $\mathrm{fsc}(4.43 \mathrm{MHz})$ components in the C-OUT output with no input signal applied.
7. Measure the noise in the C-OUT output with no input signal applied.

Set up the noise meter with a $200-\mathrm{kHz}$ high-pass filter and a $5-\mathrm{MHz}$ low-pass filter.
8. Let V1 be the C-OUT output when $350-\mathrm{mV}$ p-p sine wave signals are input to C-IN1 and C-IN2 with SW3 in the a position, and V2 be the C-OUT output with SW3 in the b position.

$$
\mathrm{Z}_{\mathrm{OC}}=\frac{\mathrm{V} 2[\mathrm{mVp}-\mathrm{p}]-\mathrm{V} 1[\mathrm{mVp}-\mathrm{p}]}{\mathrm{V} 1[\mathrm{mVp}-\mathrm{p}]} \times 500[\Omega]
$$

Measured frequencies

$$
\begin{array}{lll}
\mathrm{Z}_{\mathrm{OC}-1} & 4.429662 \mathrm{MHz} & (\mathrm{PAL} / \mathrm{GBI}) \\
\mathrm{Z}_{\mathrm{OC}-2} & 4.425694 \mathrm{MHz} & (4.43 \mathrm{NTSC})
\end{array}
$$

9. The C-OUT output delay time with respect to a C-IN1 input (the 2.5 -bit CCD delay)
10. The pin output voltage when no input signal is applied (the clamp voltage)
11. Measure the Y-OUT output when a $200-\mathrm{kHz} 400-\mathrm{mV}$ p-p sine wave is input to $\mathrm{Y}-\mathrm{IN}$.

$$
\mathrm{G}_{\mathrm{VY}}=20 \log \frac{\text { Y-OUT output [mVp-p] }}{400[\mathrm{mVp}-\mathrm{p}]}[\mathrm{dB}]
$$

12. Measure the Y-OUT output when a $200-\mathrm{kHz} 200-\mathrm{mVp}-\mathrm{p}$ sine wave is input to $\mathrm{Y}-\mathrm{IN}$ and when $3.3-\mathrm{MHz} 200-\mathrm{mVp}-\mathrm{p}$ sine wave is input.

$$
\mathrm{G}_{\mathrm{FY}}=20 \log \frac{\text { The Y-OUT output for a 3.3-MHz input }[\mathrm{mVp}-\mathrm{p}]}{\text { The Y-OUT output for a } 200-\mathrm{kHz} \text { input }[\mathrm{mVp}-\mathrm{p}]}[\mathrm{dB}]
$$

Adjust Vbias to set the bias to the clamp level plus 250 mV .
13. Apply a 5-step waveform (see the figure) to Y-IN and measure the Y-OUT output differential gain and differential phase with a vectorscope.

14. Apply a 5-step waveform (see the figure) to Y-IN and measure the Y-OUT output luminance signal level (Y) and sync level (S).

$$
\mathrm{L}_{\mathrm{SY}}=\frac{\mathrm{S}[\mathrm{mV}]}{\mathrm{Y}[\mathrm{mV}]} \times 100[\%]
$$


15. Measure the $3 \cdot \mathrm{fsc}(13.3 \mathrm{MHz})$ and $\mathrm{fsc}(4.43 \mathrm{MHz})$ components in the Y-OUT output with no input signal applied.
16. Measure the noise in the Y-OUT output with no input signal applied.

Set up the noise meter with a $200-\mathrm{kHz}$ high-pass filter, a $5-\mathrm{MHz}$ low-pass filter, and a $4.43-\mathrm{MHz}$ trap filter.
17. Let V1 be the Y-OUT output when a $200-\mathrm{kHz} 400-\mathrm{mV}$ p-p sine wave signal is input to Y-IN and with SW3 in the c position, and V2 be the Y-OUT output with SW3 in the b position.

$$
\mathrm{Z}_{\mathrm{OY}}=\frac{\mathrm{V} 2[\mathrm{mVp}-\mathrm{p}]-\mathrm{V} 1[\mathrm{mVp}-\mathrm{p}]}{\mathrm{V} 1[\mathrm{mVp}-\mathrm{p}]} \times 500[\Omega]
$$

18. The Y-OUT output delay time with respect to inputs to Y-IN.

## Test Circuit



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