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MOTOROLA

LM308A

Precision Operational Amplifier

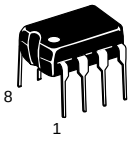
The LM308A operational amplifier provides high input impedance, low input offset and temperature drift, and low noise. These characteristics are made possible by use of a special Super Beta processing technology. This amplifier is particularly useful for applications where high accuracy and low drift performance are essential. In addition high speed performance may be improved by employing feedforward compensation techniques to maximize slew rate without compromising other performance criteria.

The LM308A offers extremely low input offset voltage and drift specifications allowing usage in even the most critical applications without external offset nulling.

- Operation from a Wide Range of Power Supply Voltages
- Low Input Bias and Offset Currents
- Low Input Offset Voltage and Guaranteed Offset Voltage Drift Performance
- High Input Impedance

SUPER GAIN OPERATIONAL AMPLIFIER

SEMICONDUCTOR TECHNICAL DATA

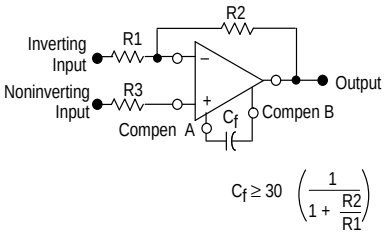


N SUFFIX
PLASTIC PACKAGE
CASE 626

D SUFFIX
PLASTIC PACKAGE
CASE 751
(SO–8)

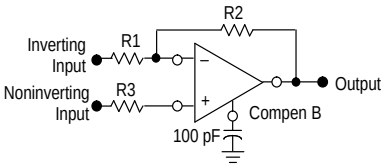
Frequency Compensation

Standard Compensation

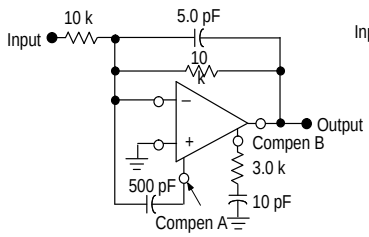


$$C_f \geq 30 \left(\frac{1}{1 + \frac{R2}{R1}}\right)$$

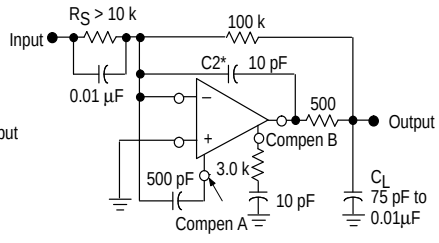
Modified Compensation



Standard Feedforward Compensation

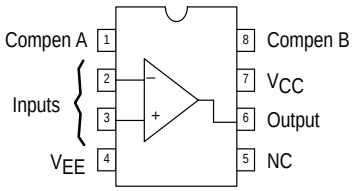


Feedforward Compensations for Decoupling Load Capacitance



$$*C2 > \frac{5 \times 10^5}{R2}\ pF$$

PIN CONNECTIONS



(Top View)

ORDERING INFORMATION

Device	Operating Temperature Range	Package
LM308AN LM308AD	T_A = 0° to +70°C	Plastic DIP SO–8

MAXIMUM RATINGS (T_A = +25°C, unless otherwise noted.)

Rating	Symbol	Value	Unit
Power Supply Voltage	V_{CC}, V_{EE}	±18	Vdc
Input Voltage (See Note 1)	V_I	±15	V
Input Differential Current (See Note 2)	I_{ID}	±10	mA
Output Short Circuit Duration	t_{SC}	Indefinite	
Operating Ambient Temperature Range	T_A	0 to +70	°C
Storage Temperature Range	T_{stg}	–65 to +150	°C
Junction Temperature	T_J	+150	°C

NOTES: 1. For supply voltages less than ±15 V, the maximum input voltage is equal to the supply voltage.
2. The inputs are shunted with back–to–back diodes for overvoltage protection. Therefore, excessive current will flow if a differential input voltage in excess of 1.0 V is applied between the inputs, unless some limiting resistance is used.

ELECTRICAL CHARACTERISTICS (Unless otherwise noted these specifications apply for supply voltages of +5.0 V ≤ V_{CC} ≤ +15 V and –5.0 V ≥ V_{EE} ≥ –15 V, T_A = +25°C.)

Characteristic	Symbol	Min	Typ	Max	Unit
Input Offset Voltage	V_{IO}	–	0.3	0.5	mV
Input Offset Current	I_{IO}	–	0.2	1.0	nA
Input Bias Current	I_{IB}	–	1.5	7.0	nA
Input Resistance	r_i	10	40	–	MΩ
Power Supply Currents (V_{CC} = +15 V, V_{EE} = –15 V)	I_{CC}, I_{EE}	–	±0.3	±0.8	mA
Large Signal Voltage Gain (V_{CC} = +15 V, V_{EE} = –15 V, V_O = ±10 V, R_L ≥ 10 kΩ)	A_{VOL}	80	300	–	V/mV
The following specifications apply over the operating temperature range.					
Input Offset Voltage	V_{IO}	–	–	0.73	mV
Input Offset Current	I_{IO}	–	–	1.5	nA
Average Temperature Coefficient of Input Offset Voltage T_A (min) ≤ T_A ≤ T_A (max)	$\Delta V_{IO}/\Delta T$	–	1.0	5.0	µV/°C
Average Temperature Coefficient of Input Offset Current	$\Delta I_{IO}/\Delta T$	–	2.0	10	pA/°C
Input Bias Current	I_{IB}	–	–	10	nA
Large Signal Voltage Gain (V_{CC} +15 V, V_{EE} = –15 V, V_O = ±10 V, R_L ≥ 10 kΩ)	A_{VOL}	60	–	–	V/mV
Input Voltage Range (V_{CC} = +15 V, V_{EE} = –15 V)	V_{ICR}	±14	–	–	V
Common Mode Rejection (R_S ≤ 50 kΩ)	CMR	96	110	–	dB
Supply Voltage Rejection (R_S ≤ 50 kΩ)	PSR	96	110	–	dB
Output Voltage Range (V_{CC} = +15 V, V_{EE} = –15 V, R_L = 10 kΩ)	V_{OR}	±13	±14	–	V

Figure 1. Input Bias and Input Offset Currents

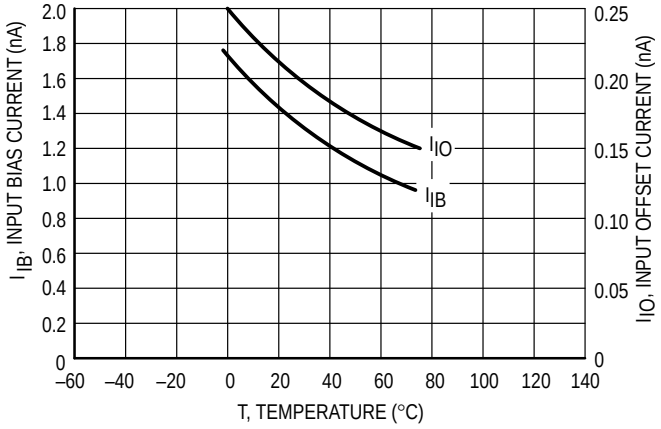


Figure 2. Maximum Equivalent Input Offset Voltage Error versus Input Resistance

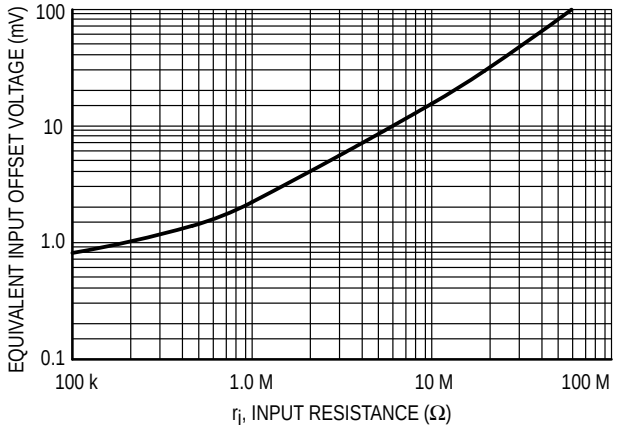


Figure 3. Voltage Gain versus Supply Voltages

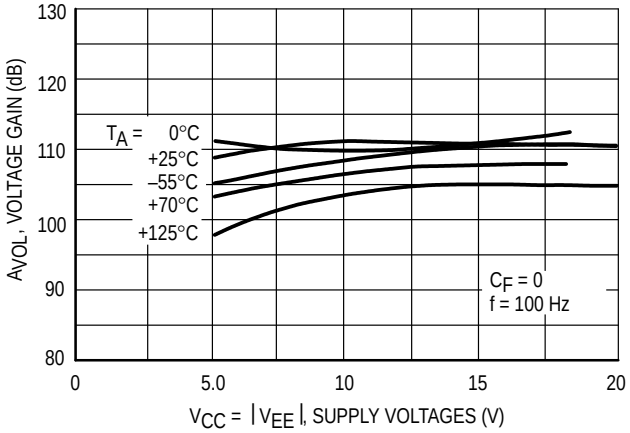


Figure 4. Power Supply Currents versus Power Supply Voltages

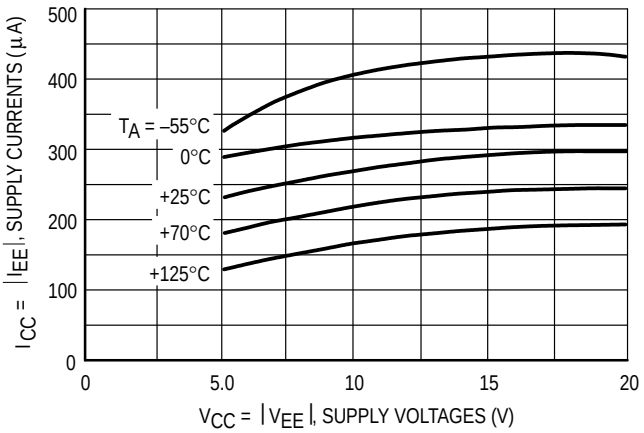


Figure 5. Open Loop Frequency Response

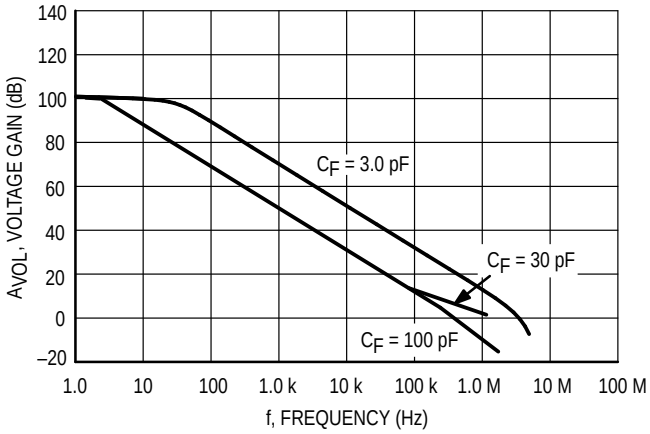
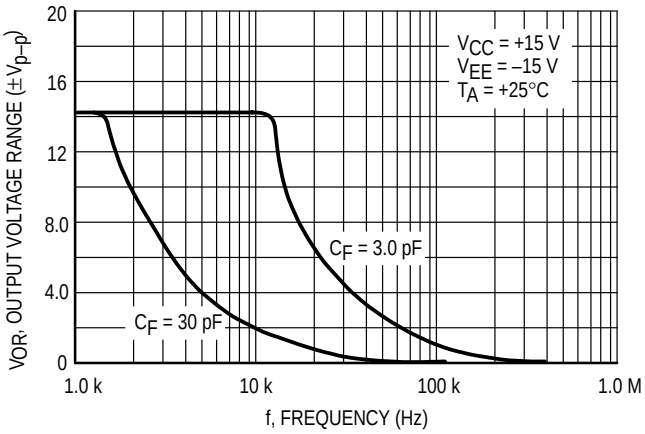


Figure 6. Large Signal Frequency Response



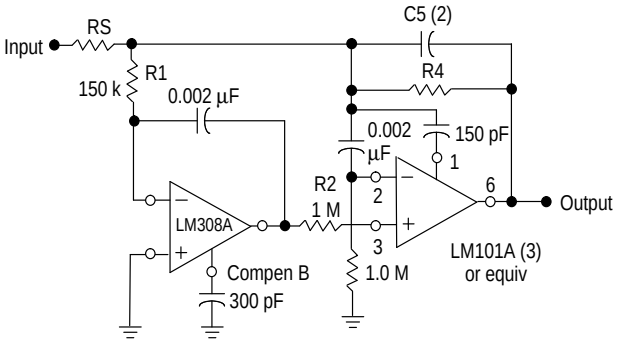
SUGGESTED DESIGN APPLICATIONS

INPUT GUARDING

Special care must be taken in the assembly of printed circuit boards to take full advantage of the low input currents of the LM308A amplifier. Boards must be thoroughly cleaned with alcohol and blown dry with compressed air. After cleaning, the boards should be coated with epoxy or silicone rubber to prevent contamination.

Even with properly cleaned and coated boards, leakage currents may cause trouble at +125°C, particularly since the input pins are adjacent to pins that are at supply potentials. This leakage can be significantly reduced by using guarding to lower the voltage difference between the inputs and adjacent metal runs. The guard, which is a conductive ring surrounding the inputs, is connected to a low–impedance point that is at approximately the same voltage as the inputs. Leakage currents from high voltage pins are then absorbed by the guard.

Figure 7. Fast (1) Summing Amplifier with Low Input Current

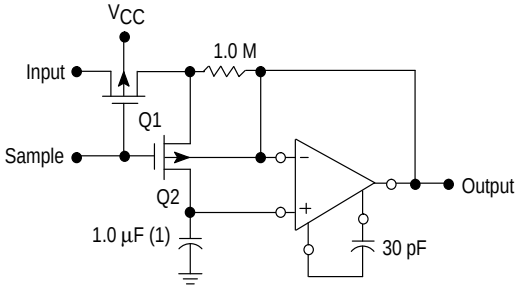


(1) Power Bandwidth: 250 kHz
Small Signal Bandwidth: 3.5 MHz
Slew Rate: 10 V/µs

(2) $C5 = \frac{6 \times 10^{-8}}{R1}$

(3) In addition to increasing speed, the LM101A raises high and low frequency gain, increases output drive capability and eliminates thermal feedback.

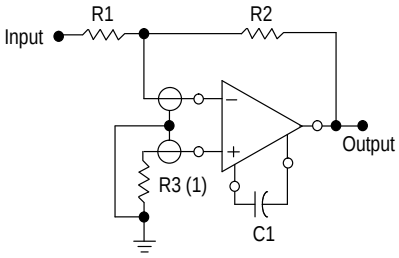
Figure 8. Sample and Hold



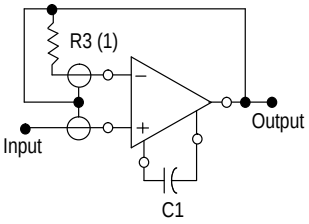
(1) Teflon, Polyethylene or Polycarbonate Dielectric Capacitor

Figure 9. Connection of Input Guards

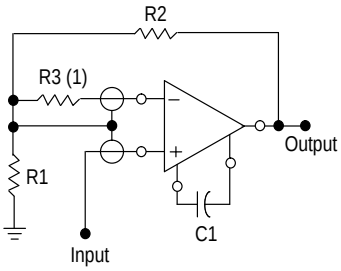
Inverting Amplifier



Follower



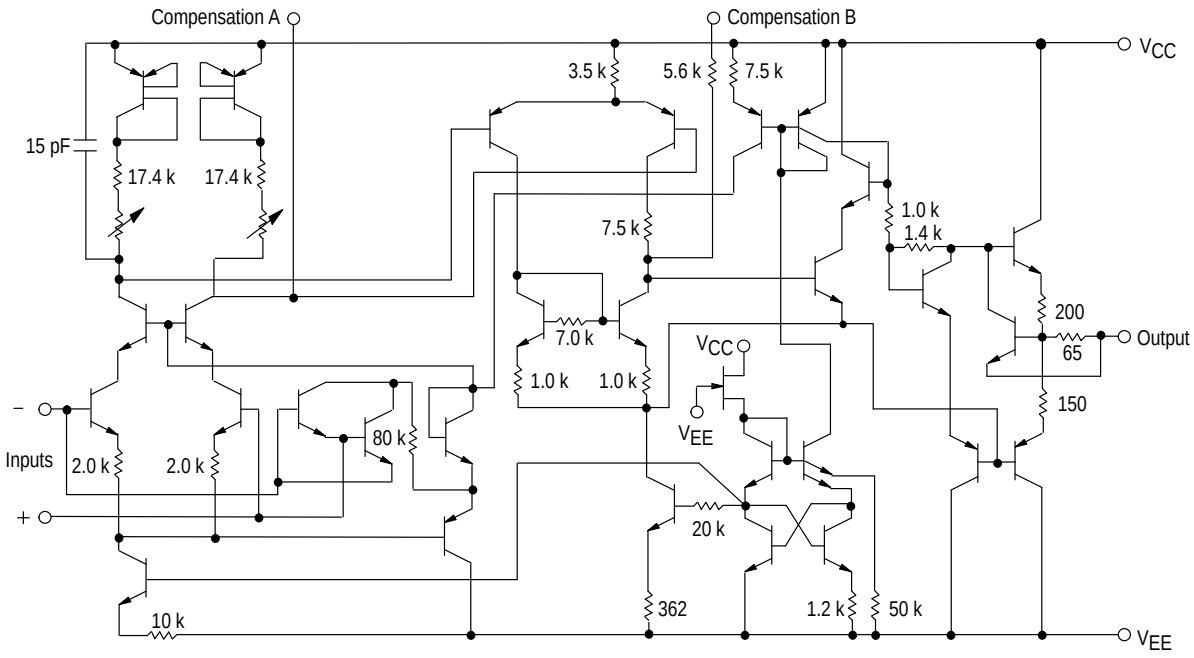
Noninverting Amplifier



(1) Used to compensate for large source resistances.

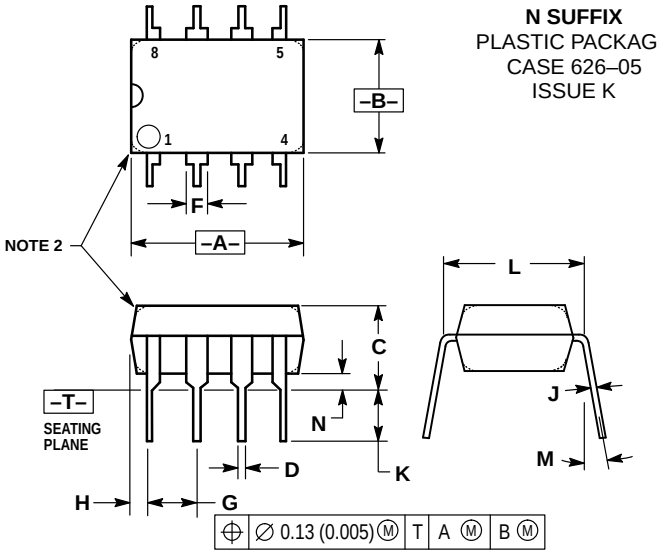
Note: $\frac{R1\ R2}{R1 + R2}$ must be an impedance.

Representative Circuit Schematic



OUTLINE DIMENSIONS

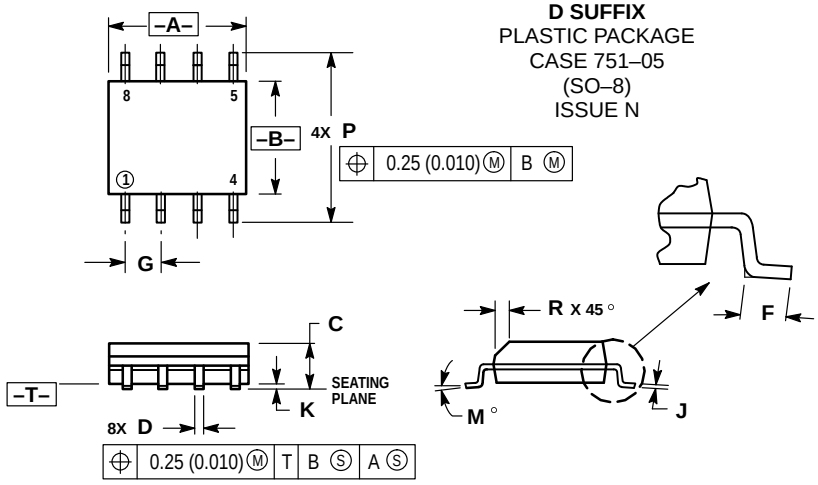
N SUFFIX
PLASTIC PACKAGE
CASE 626–05
ISSUE K



NOTES:
1. DIMENSION L TO CENTER OF LEAD WHEN FORMED PARALLEL.
2. PACKAGE CONTOUR OPTIONAL (ROUND OR SQUARE CORNERS).
3. DIMENSIONING AND TOLERANCING PER ANSI Y14.5M, 1982.

	MILLIMETERS		INCHES	
DIM	MIN	MAX	MIN	MAX
A	9.40	10.16	0.370	0.400
B	6.10	6.60	0.240	0.260
C	3.94	4.45	0.155	0.175
D	0.38	0.51	0.015	0.020
F	1.02	1.78	0.040	0.070
G	2.54 BSC		0.100 BSC	
H	0.76	1.27	0.030	0.050
J	0.20	0.30	0.008	0.012
K	2.92	3.43	0.115	0.135
L	7.62 BSC		0.300 BSC	
M	—	10°	—	10°
N	0.76	1.01	0.030	0.040

D SUFFIX
PLASTIC PACKAGE
CASE 751–05
(SO–8)
ISSUE N



NOTES:
1. DIMENSIONING AND TOLERANCING PER ANSI Y14.5M, 1982.
2. CONTROLLING DIMENSION: MILLIMETER.
3. DIMENSIONS A AND B DO NOT INCLUDE MOLD PROTRUSION.
4. MAXIMUM MOLD PROTRUSION 0.15 (0.006) PER SIDE.
5. DIMENSION D DOES NOT INCLUDE DAMBAR PROTRUSION. ALLOWABLE DAMBAR PROTRUSION SHALL BE 0.127 (0.005) TOTAL IN EXCESS OF THE D DIMENSION AT MAXIMUM MATERIAL CONDITION.

	MILLIMETERS		INCHES	
DIM	MIN	MAX	MIN	MAX
A	4.80	5.00	0.189	0.196
B	3.80	4.00	0.150	0.157
C	1.35	1.75	0.054	0.068
D	0.35	0.49	0.014	0.019
F	0.40	1.25	0.016	0.049
G	1.27 BSC		0.050 BSC	
J	0.18	0.25	0.007	0.009
K	0.10	0.25	0.004	0.009
M	0°	7°	0°	7°
P	5.80	6.20	0.229	0.244
R	0.25	0.50	0.010	0.019

How to reach us:
USA / EUROPE: Motorola Literature Distribution;
P.O. Box 20912; Phoenix, Arizona 85036. 1–800–441–2447

MFAX: RMFAX0@email.sps.mot.com – TOUCHTONE (602) 244–6609
INTERNET: http://Design–NET.com

JAPAN: Nippon Motorola Ltd.; Tatsumi–SPD–JLDC, Toshikatsu Otsuki,
6F Seibu–Butsuryu–Center, 3–14–2 Tatsumi Koto–Ku, Tokyo 135, Japan. 03–3521–8315

HONG KONG: Motorola Semiconductors H.K. Ltd.; 8B Tai Ping Industrial Park,
51 Ting Kok Road, Tai Po, N.T., Hong Kong. 852–26629298