

# SANYO Semiconductors

# DATA SHEET

An ON Semiconductor Company

# LV8080LP —

# Two channels Constant-current H-bridge Driver

#### Overview

The LV8080LP is a two-channel constant-current driver that supports low-voltage operation. It is optimal for constant-current drive of stepping motors (AF and zoom) in portable equipment such as camera cell phones.

**Bi-CMOS LSI** 

#### **Features**

- Two channels constant-current H-bridge driver
- Built-in power supply switch and position detection comparator for use with a photoreflector
- Supports both 2-phase drive and 1-2 phase drive.
- Implemented in a low-power MOS IC process.
- Ultraminiature easy to solder VCT16 package (2.6 × 2.6mm)
- Built-in thermal protection and low-voltage sensing circuits

#### **Specifications**

#### Absolute Maximum Ratings at Ta = 25°C

Parameter	Symbol	Conditions	Ratings	Unit
Maximum supply voltage	V <sub>CC</sub> , VM max		6.5	V
Output voltage	V <sub>OUT</sub> max	OUT1, OUT2, OUT3, OUT4	6.5	V
Input voltage	V <sub>IN</sub> max	CONT, IN	-0.3 to +6.5	V
Ground pin source current	IGND	Per channel	400	mA
Allowable power dissipation	Pd max	Mounted on a circuit board.*	700	mW
Operating temperature	Topr		-30 to +85	°C
Storage temperature	Tstg		-40 to +150	°C

<sup>\*</sup> Specified circuit board : 40×50×0.8mm³ : 4-layer (2S2P) glass epoxy printed circuit board

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#### LV8080LP

#### Allowable Operating Ratings at $Ta = 25^{\circ}C$

Parameter	Symbol	Conditions	Ratings	Unit
Supply voltage	VCC		2.5 to 6.0	V
High-level input voltage	V <sub>IH</sub>	CONT, IN	0.6V <sub>CC</sub> or more	V
Low-level input voltage	$V_{IL}$		Up to 0.2V <sub>CC</sub>	V

#### **Electrical Characteristics** at Ta = 25°C, $V_{CC} = 3.0V$

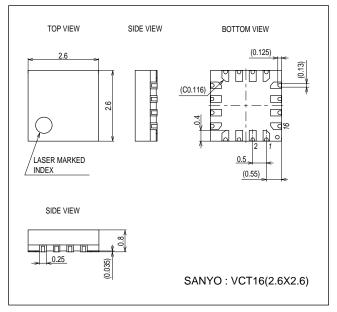
Parameter	Cumbal	Conditions		1.1-34			
Parameter	Symbol	Conditions	min	typ	max	Unit	
Current drain	Icco	EN = 0V		0.1	1	μΑ	
	I <sub>CCO</sub> 1	EN = 3V		0.7	1	mA	
Output on resistance	Ron1	V <sub>CC</sub> = 3.0V (High and low side total) EN = 3.0V, I <sub>OUT</sub> = 100mA		2.0	3.0	Ω	
	Ron2	V <sub>CC</sub> = 5.0V (High and low side total) EN = 5.0V, I <sub>OUT</sub> = 100mA		1.50	2.0	Ω	
Constant-current output 1	I <sub>OUT</sub> 1	Between RFG and ground : 1Ω	95	100	105	mA	
Constant-current output 2	l <sub>OUT</sub> 2	Between RFG and ground : $0.5\Omega$ (Design specification)	190	200	210	mA	
Output turn-on time	Traise	With RFG1 and RFG2 shorted to ground (Design specification)		1.3	3	μs	
Output turn-off time	Tfall	With RFG1 and RFG2 shorted to ground (Design specification)		0.25	0.65	μs	
Position detection voltage (high level)	VH			1.0	1.06	V	
Position detection voltage (low level)	VL		0.74	0.8		V	
Detection voltage hysteresis	HYS		0.165	0.18	0.195	V	
PI/PR pin current	IPI/PR				20	mA	
Input current	I <sub>IN</sub>	V <sub>IN</sub> = 3V		15	30	μΑ	

Note: The design specification items are design guarantees and are not measured.

# **Package Dimensions**

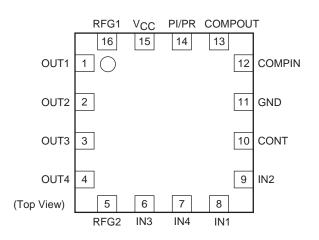
unit: mm (typ)

3318

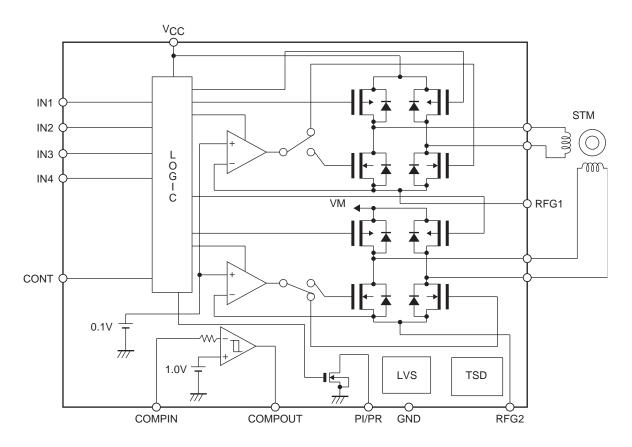


# **Pin Assignment**

(VCT16)



## **Block Diagram**



Constant-current calculation :  $I_{OUT} = 0.1 \div RF~$  Example : When an  $I_{OUT}$  of 100mA is required, RF must be  $1\Omega$ . Usage Notes

The constant current is set by the resource RF connected between RFG and ground according to the formula shown above.

**Truth Table** 

Input			Output			Mark			
IN1	IN2	IN3	IN4	OUT1	OUT2	OUT3	OUT4	Mode	
Low	Low	Low	Low	Off	Off	Off	Off	Standby mode	
Low	High			Low	High			Channel 1, reverse	
High	Low	-	-	High	Low	Off	Off	Channel 1, forward	
High	High			Low	Low			Channel 1, brake mode	
		Low	High			Low	High	Channel 2, reverse	
-	-	High	Low	Off	Off	High	Low	Channel 2, forward	
		High	High			Low	Low	Channel 2, brake mode	

Note: The "-" input unstable state. When off, a high-impedance state.

- The ENA goes to the standby state with a low-level input, and to the operating state with a high-level input.
- The control input switches the forward/reverse mode.

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## **Pin Description**

Pin No.	Pin Name	Description	Equivalent Circuit
1	OUT1	1-4 : Output pins	
2	OUT2	H-bridge type output pins	V <sub>CC</sub>
3	OUT3	Pins 1 and 2 are paired and pins 3 and 4 are paired.	
4	OUT4		
			⊣ <u> </u>
5	RFG2	5, 16 : Current sensing resistor connection pins	
16	RFG1	Connect the current sensing resistor between these	(1) (2)
		pins and ground to detect the output currents for	
		constant current control.	
		Pin 16 corresponds to the output from pins 1 and 2 and	"
		pin 5 to the output from pins 1 and 2.	# #
			<del></del>
			10kΩ
			$\downarrow$ 10k $\Omega$
			(5)
			0.1V #
6	IN3	Logic input pins	↑ Vcc
7	IN4		.00
8	IN1		
9	IN2		<u>↓</u>
10	CONT		<b>↑</b>
			6 10kΩ
			A 200kO S
			<b>▲</b> 200kΩ≱
			GND
11	GND	Ground	
12	COMPIN	Photo reflector position sensing comparator input	
			<b>*</b>
			$\bigcap$ 1k $\Omega$ ,
			(12)
			<b>★</b>
			T
			GND
13	COMPOUT	Photo reflector position sensing comparator output	1kΩ
		This pin serves as an open-collector output of the NPN	(13) + W
		transistor.	
			<u> </u>
			<b>↑</b>
			GND
			CIND

Continued on next page.

#### **LV8080LP**

Continued from preceding page Pin Name **Equivalent Circuit** Pin No. Description 14 PI/PR A switch, with NMOS open-drain output, used to turn Vcc on/off the power supply of the position sensor unit. When using this switch, connect the position sensor unit between this pin and the  $V_{\mbox{\footnotesize CC}}$  pin. On/off control of this switch is accomplished by CONT (6) pin. Setting the CONT pin high turns on the switch. GND

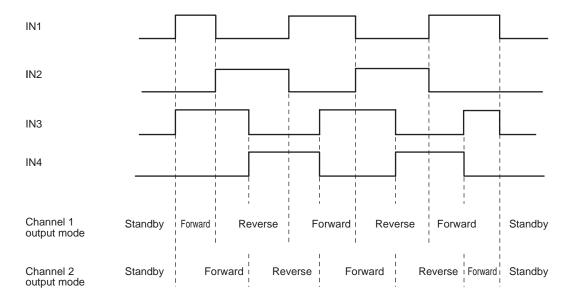
#### **Timing Chart**

Vcc

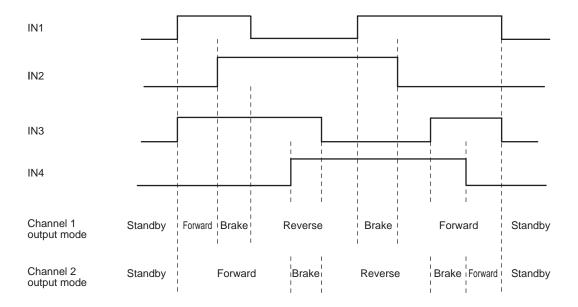
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(1) Stepper motor timing chart Timing chart for 2-phase drive

Power supply pin

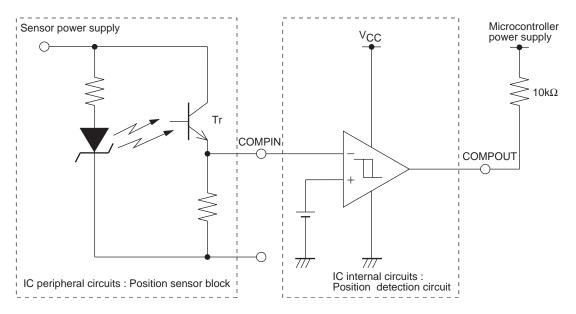


(2) Timing chart for 1-2 phase drive (Slow decay mode)

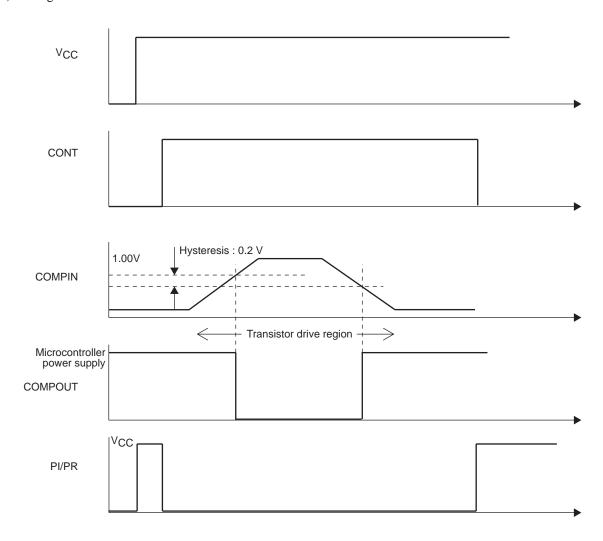


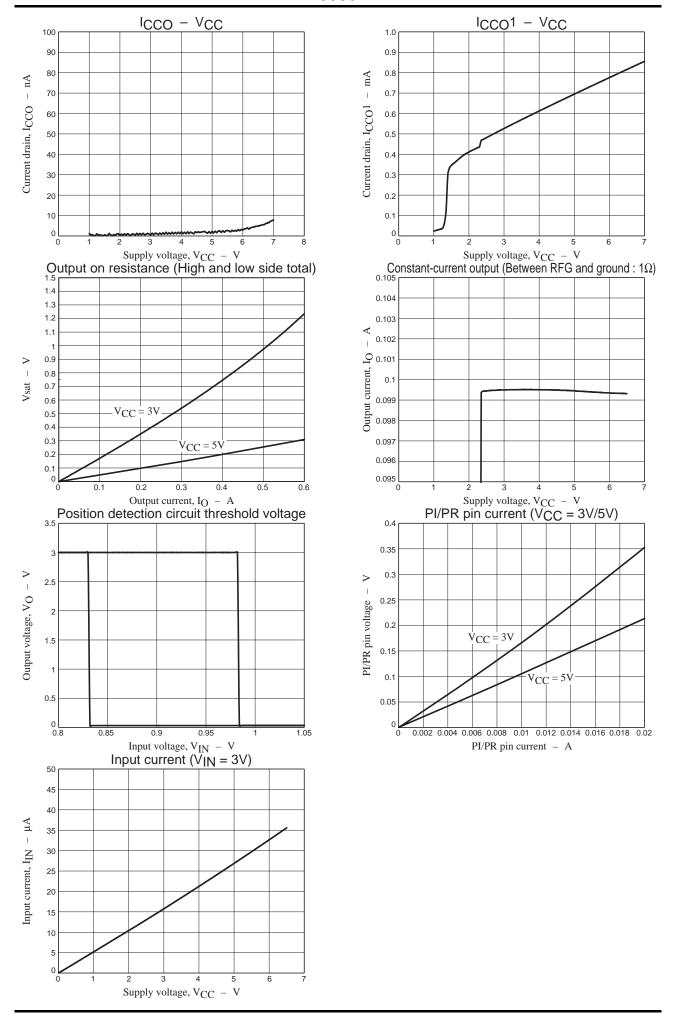
#### **Photosensor Position Detection Application Circuit Example**

#### (a) Application circuit



#### (b) Timing chart





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