

# SN54HC160 THRU SN54HC163 SN74HC160 THRU SN74HC163 SYNCHRONOUS 4-BIT DECADE AND BINARY COUNTERS

SCLS114 D2684, DECEMBER 1982—REVISED SEPTEMBER 1987

- Internal Look Ahead for Fast Counting
- Carry Output for N-Bit Cascading
- Synchronous Counting
- Synchronously Programmable
- Package Options Include Plastic "Small Outline" Packages, Ceramic Chip Carriers, and Standard Plastic and Ceramic 300-mil DIPs
- Dependable Texas Instruments Quality and Reliability

## description

These synchronous, presettable counters feature an internal carry look-ahead for application in high-speed counting designs. The 'HC160 and 'HC162 are decade counters, and the 'HC161 and 'HC163 are 4-bit binary counters. Synchronous operation is provided by having all flip-flops clocked simultaneously so that the outputs change coincident with each other when so instructed by the count-enable inputs and internal gating. This mode of operation eliminates the output counting spikes that are normally associated with synchronous (ripple clock) counters. A buffered clock input triggers the four flip-flops on the rising (positive-going) edge of the clock input waveform.

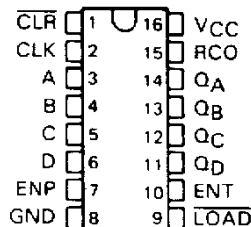
These counters are fully programmable; that is, they may be preset to any number between 0 and 9 or 15. As presetting is synchronous, setting up a low level at the load input disables the counter and causes the outputs to agree with the setup data after the next clock pulse regardless of the levels of the enable inputs.

The clear function for the 'HC160 and 'HC161 is asynchronous and a low level at the clear input sets all four of the flip-flop outputs low regardless of the levels of the clock, load, or enable inputs.

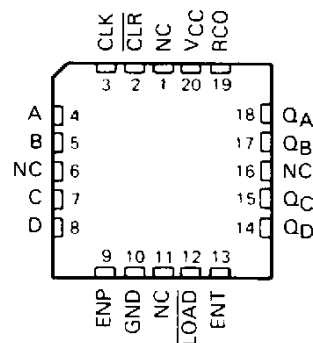
The clear function for the 'HC162 and 'HC163 is synchronous and a low level at the clear input sets all four of the flip-flop outputs low after the next low-to-high transition of the clock input, regardless of the levels of the enable inputs. This synchronous clear allows the count length to be modified easily by decoding the Q outputs for the maximum count desired. The active-low output of the gate used for decoding is connected to the clear input to synchronously clear the counter to 0000 (LLLL).

The carry look-ahead circuitry provides for cascading counters for n-bits synchronous applications without additional gating. Instrumental in accomplishing this function are two count-enable inputs and a ripple carry output. Both count-enable inputs (ENP and ENT) must be high to count, and ENT is fed forward to enable the ripple carry output. The ripple carry output (RCO) thus enabled will produce a high-level pulse while the count is maximum (9 or 15 with Q<sub>A</sub> high). This high-level overflow ripple carry pulse can be used to enable successive cascaded stages. Transitions at the ENP or ENT are allowed regardless of the level of the clock input.

SN54HC' . . . J PACKAGE  
SN74HC' . . . D OR N PACKAGE  
(TOP VIEW)



SN54HC' . . . FK PACKAGE  
(TOP VIEW)



NC—No internal connection

PRODUCTION DATA documents contain information current as of publication date. Products conform to specifications per the terms of Texas Instruments standard warranty. Production processing does not necessarily include testing of all parameters.

  
**TEXAS  
INSTRUMENTS**  
 POST OFFICE BOX 655012 • DALLAS, TEXAS 75265

Copyright © 1982, Texas Instruments Incorporated

**SN54HC160 THRU SN54HC163  
SN74HC160 THRU SN74HC163  
SYNCHRONOUS 4-BIT DECADE AND BINARY COUNTERS**

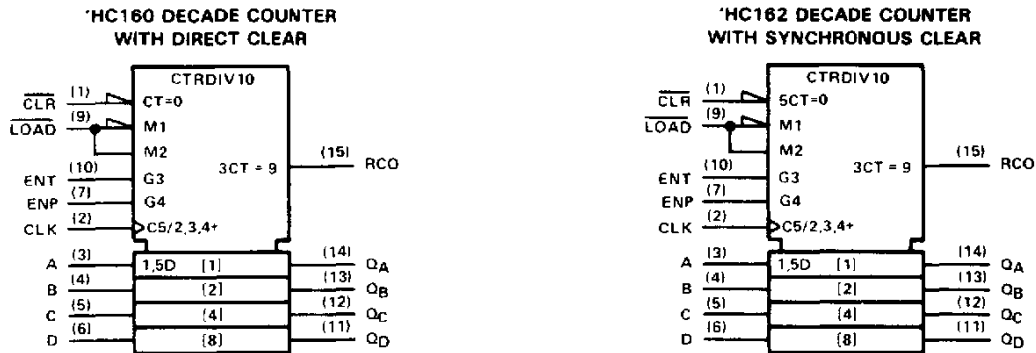
---

These counters feature a fully independent clock circuit. Changes at control inputs (ENP, ENT, or  $\overline{\text{LOAD}}$ ) that will modify the operating mode have no effect on the contents of the counter until clocking occurs. The function of the counter (whether enabled, disabled, loading, or counting) will be dictated solely by the conditions meeting the stable setup and hold times.

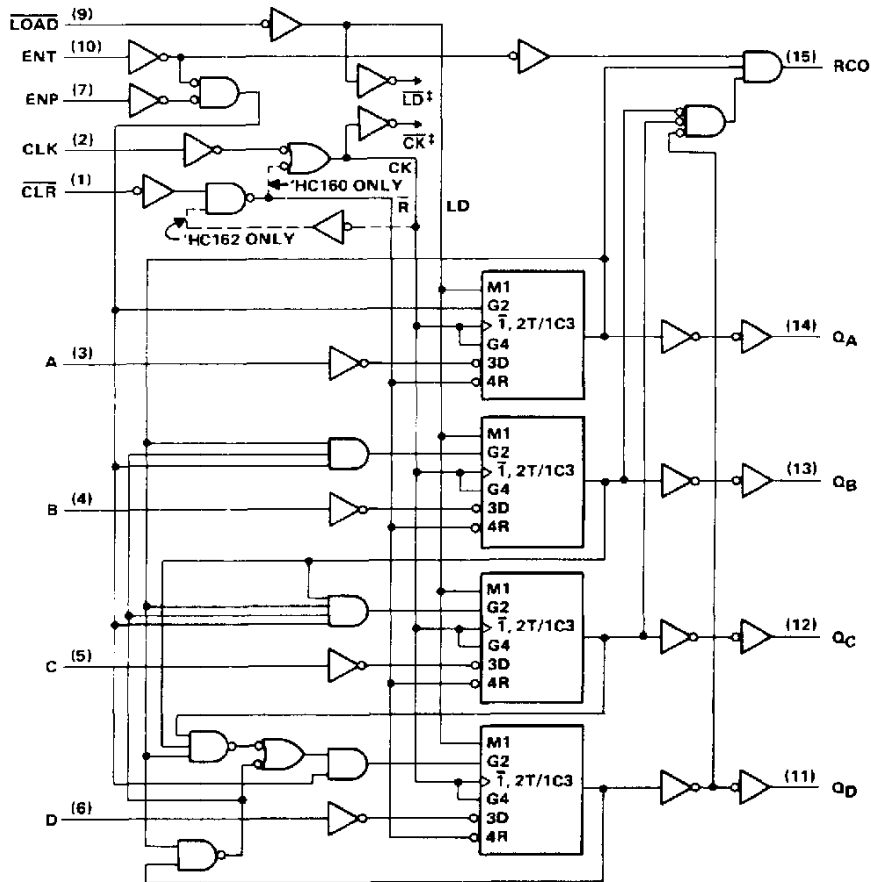
The SN54HC160 through SN54HC163 are characterized for operation over the full military temperature range of  $-55^{\circ}\text{C}$  to  $125^{\circ}\text{C}$ . The SN74HC160 through SN74HC163 are characterized for operation from  $-40^{\circ}\text{C}$  to  $85^{\circ}\text{C}$ .

**SN54HC160, SN54HC162  
SN74HC160, SN74HC162  
SYNCHRONOUS 4-BIT DECADE COUNTERS**

logic symbols<sup>†</sup>



'HC160 and 'HC162 logic diagram (positive logic)



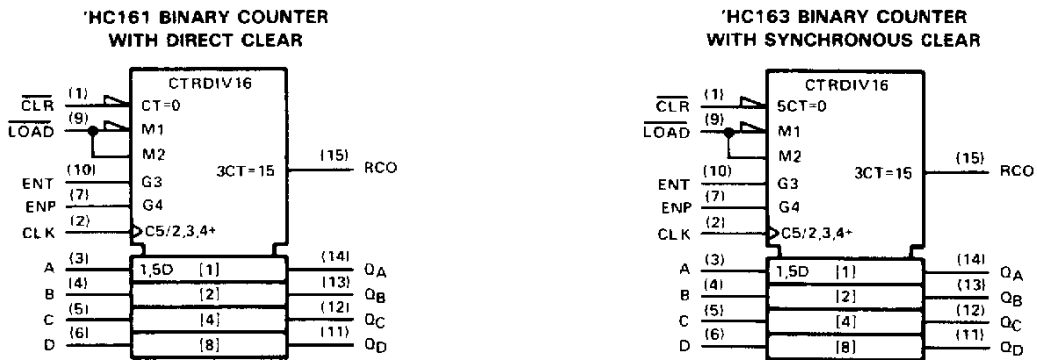
<sup>†</sup> These symbols are in accordance with ANSI/IEEE Std 91-1984 and IEC Publication 617-12.

<sup>‡</sup> For the sake of simplicity, the routing of the complementary signals  $\overline{LD}$  and  $\overline{CK}$  is not shown on this overall logic diagram. The uses of these signals are shown on the logic diagram of the D/T flip-flops.

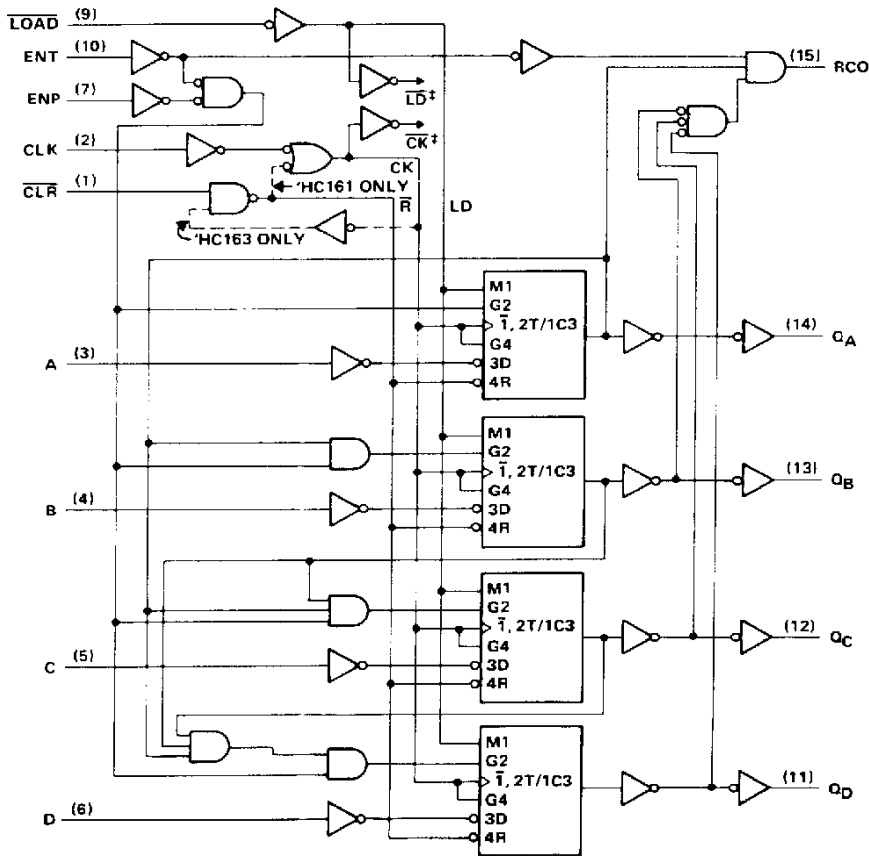
Pin numbers shown are for D, J, and N packages.

**SN54HC161, SN54HC163  
SN74HC161, SN74HC163  
SYNCHRONOUS 4-BIT BINARY COUNTERS**

logic symbols†



†'HC161 and †'HC163 logic diagram (positive logic)



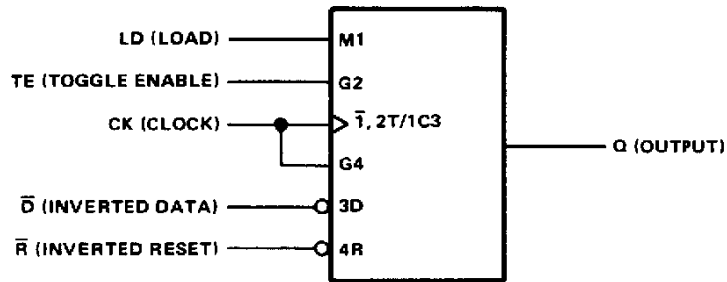
† These symbols are in accordance with ANSI/IEEE Std 91-1984 and IEC Publication 617-12.

‡ For the sake of simplicity, the routing of the complementary signals  $\overline{LD}$  and  $\overline{CK}$  is not shown on this overall logic diagram. The uses of these signals are shown on the logic diagram of the D/T flip-flops.

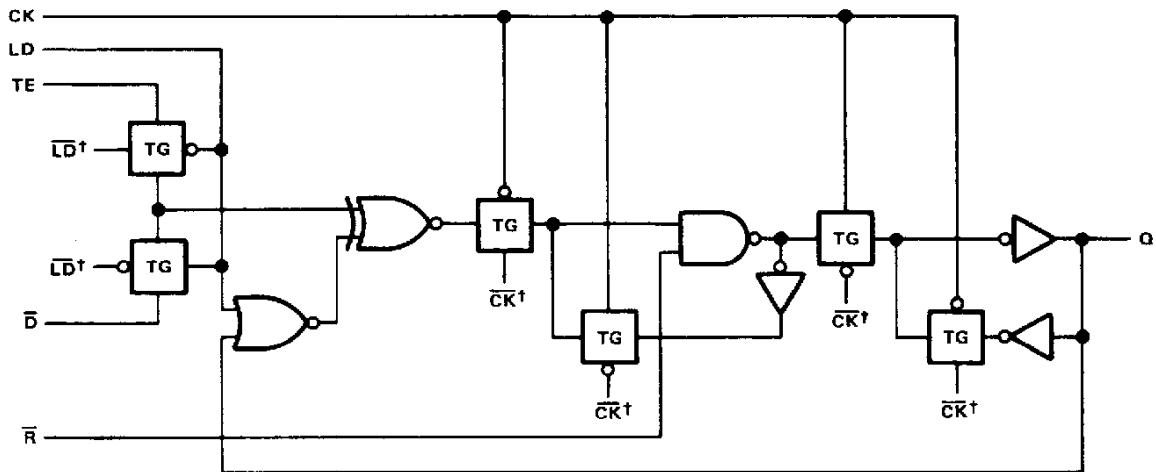
Pin numbers shown are for D, J, and N packages.

**SN54HC160 THRU SN54HC163  
SN74HC160 THRU SN74HC163  
SYNCHRONOUS 4-BIT DECADE AND BINARY COUNTERS**

logic symbol, each D/T flip-flop (positive logic)



logic diagram, each D/T flip-flop (positive logic)



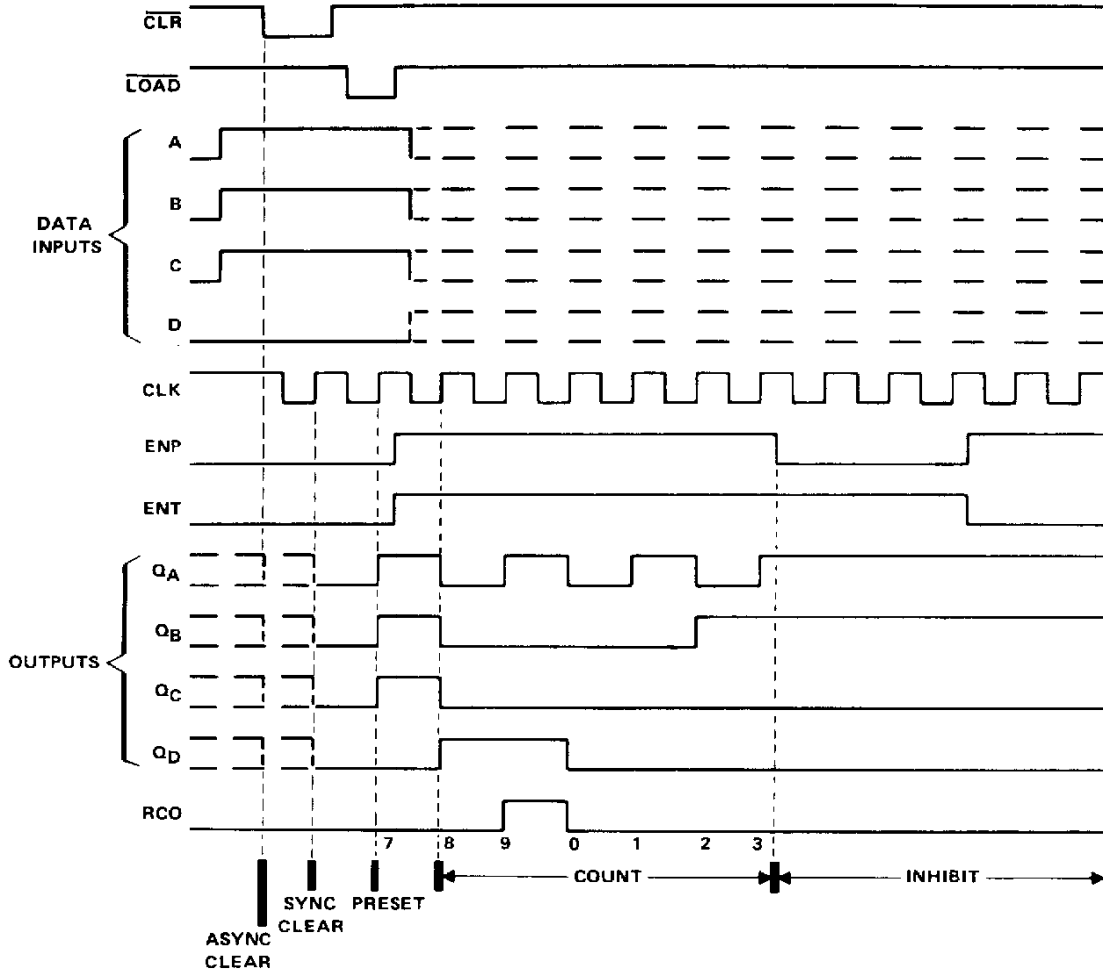
† The origins of the signals  $\overline{LD}$  and  $\overline{CK}$  are shown in the logic diagrams of the overall devices.

**SN54HC160, SN54HC162  
SN74HC160, SN74HC162  
SYNCHRONOUS 4-BIT DECADE COUNTERS**

**'HC160 and 'HC162 output sequence**

Illustrated below is the following sequence:

1. Clear outputs to zero (SN54HC160 and SN74HC160 are asynchronous; SN54HC162 and SN74HC162 are synchronous)
2. Preset to BCD seven
3. Count to eight, nine, zero, one, two, and three
4. Inhibit

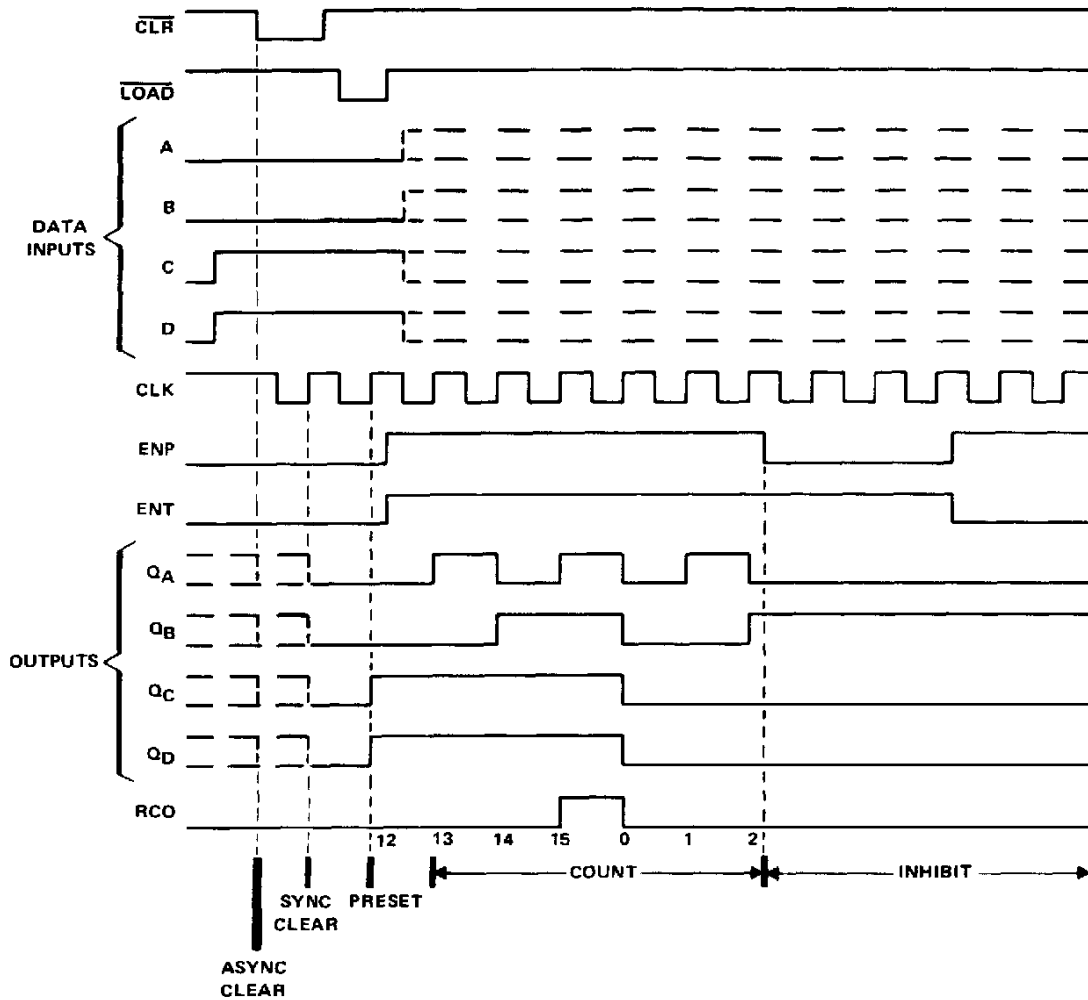


**SN54HC161, SN54HC163  
SN74HC160, SN74HC163  
SYNCHRONOUS 4-BIT BINARY COUNTERS**

**'HC161 and 'HC163 output sequence**

Illustrated below is the following sequence:

1. Clear outputs to zero (SN54HC161 and SN74HC161 are asynchronous; SN54HC163 and SN74HC163 are synchronous)
2. Preset to binary twelve
3. Count to thirteen, fourteen, zero, one, and two
4. Inhibit



**SN54HC160 THRU SN54HC163  
SN74HC160 THRU SN74HC163  
SYNCHRONOUS 4-BIT DECADE AND BINARY COUNTERS**

**absolute maximum ratings over operating free-air temperature range†**

Supply voltage, $V_{CC}$ .....	-0.5 V to 7 V
Input clamp current, $I_{IK}$ ( $V_I < 0$ or $V_I > V_{CC}$ ) .....	$\pm 20$ mA
Output clamp current, $I_{OK}$ ( $V_O < 0$ or $V_O > V_{CC}$ ) .....	$\pm 20$ mA
Continuous output current, $I_O$ ( $V_O = 0$ to $V_{CC}$ ) .....	$\pm 25$ mA
Continuous current through $V_{CC}$ or GND pins .....	$\pm 50$ mA
Lead temperature 1,6 mm (1/16 in) from case for 60 s: FK or J package .....	300°C
Lead temperature 1,6 mm (1/16 in) from case for 10 s: D or N package .....	260°C
Storage temperature range .....	-65°C to 150°C

† Stresses beyond those listed under "absolute maximum ratings" may cause permanent damage to the device. These are stress ratings only, and functional operation of the device at these or any other conditions beyond those indicated under "recommended operating conditions" is not implied. Exposure to absolute-maximum-rated conditions for extended periods may affect device reliability.

**recommended operating conditions**

		SN54HC'			SN74HC'			UNIT
		MIN	NOM	MAX	MIN	NOM	MAX	
$V_{CC}$	Supply voltage	2	5	6	2	5	6	V
$V_{IH}$	High-level input voltage	$V_{CC} = 2$ V	1.5		1.5			V
		$V_{CC} = 4.5$ V	3.15		3.15			
		$V_{CC} = 6$ V	4.2		4.2			
$V_{IL}$	Low-level input voltage	$V_{CC} = 2$ V	0	0.3	0	0.3	V	
		$V_{CC} = 4.5$ V	0	0.9	0	0.9		
		$V_{CC} = 6$ V	0	1.2	0	1.2		
$V_I$	Input voltage	0		$V_{CC}$	0		$V_{CC}$	V
$V_O$	Output voltage	0		$V_{CC}$	0		$V_{CC}$	V
$t_t$	Input transition (rise and fall) times	$V_{CC} = 2$ V	0	1000	0	1000	ns	
		$V_{CC} = 4.5$ V	0	500	0	500		
		$V_{CC} = 6$ V	0	400	0	400		
$T_A$	Operating free-air temperature	-55		125	-40		85	°C

**electrical characteristics over recommended operating free-air temperature range (unless otherwise noted)**

PARAMETER	TEST CONDITIONS	$V_{CC}$	$T_A = 25^\circ\text{C}$			SN54HC'		SN74HC'		UNIT
			MIN	TYP	MAX	MIN	MAX	MIN	MAX	
$V_{OH}$	$V_I = V_{IH}$ or $V_{IL}$ , $I_{OH} = -20 \mu\text{A}$	2 V	1.9	1.998		1.9		1.9	V	
		4.5 V	4.4	4.499		4.4		4.4		
		6 V	5.9	5.999		5.9		5.9		
	4.5 V	3.98	4.30		3.7		3.84			
$V_{OL}$	$V_I = V_{IH}$ or $V_{IL}$ , $I_{OH} = -4 \text{ mA}$	6 V	5.48	5.80		5.2		5.34		
		2 V		0.002	0.1		0.1		0.1	
		4.5 V		0.001	0.1		0.1		0.1	
	6 V		0.001	0.1		0.1		0.1		
$V_{OL}$	$V_I = V_{IH}$ or $V_{IL}$ , $I_{OL} = 4 \text{ mA}$	4.5 V		0.17	0.26		0.4		0.33	
		6 V		0.15	0.26		0.4		0.33	
$I_I$	$V_I = V_{CC}$ or 0	6 V		$\pm 0.1$	$\pm 100$		$\pm 1000$		$\pm 1000$	nA
$I_{CC}$	$V_I = V_{CC}$ or 0, $I_O = 0$	6 V			8		160		80	$\mu\text{A}$
$C_i$		2 to								pF
		6 V		3	10		10		10	





**SN54HC160 THRU SN54HC163  
SN74HC160 THRU SN74HC163  
SYNCHRONOUS 4-BIT DECADE AND BINARY COUNTERS**

timing requirements over recommended operating free-air temperature range (unless otherwise noted)

PARAMETER		V <sub>CC</sub>	T <sub>A</sub> = 25°C		SN54HC160 THRU SN54HC163		SN74HC160 THRU SN74HC163		UNIT
			MIN	MAX	MIN	MAX	MIN	MAX	
f <sub>clock</sub>	Clock frequency	2 V	0	6	0	4.2	0	5	MHz
		4.5 V	0	31	0	21	0	25	
		6 V	0	36	0	25	0	29	
t <sub>w</sub>	CLK high or low	2 V	80		120		100	ns	
		4.5 V	16		24		20		
		6 V	14		20		17		
	CLR̄ low ('HC160, 'HC161)	2 V	80		120		100		
		4.5 V	16		24		20		
		6 V	14		20		17		
t <sub>su</sub>	A, B, C, or D	2 V	150		225		190	ns	
		4.5 V	30		45		38		
		6 V	26		38		32		
	LOAD̄ low	2 V	135		205		170		
		4.5 V	27		41		34		
		6 V	23		35		29		
	ENP, ENT	2 V	170		255		215		
		4.5 V	34		51		43		
		6 V	29		43		37		
	CLR̄ inactive ('HC160, 'HC161)	2 V	125		190		155		
		4.5 V	25		38		31		
		6 V	21		32		26		
	CLR̄ low ('HC162, 'HC163)	2 V	160		240		200		
		4.5 V	32		48		40		
		6 V	27		41		34		
	CLR̄ inactive ('HC162, 'HC163)	2 V	160		240		200		
		4.5 V	32		48		40		
		6 V	27		41		34		
t <sub>h</sub>	Hold time, all synchronous inputs after CLK↑	2 V	0		0		0	ns	
		4.5 V	0		0		0		
		6 V	0		0		0		

**SN54HC160, SN54HC161  
SN74HC160, SN74HC161  
SYNCHRONOUS 4-BIT DECADE AND BINARY COUNTERS**

switching characteristics over recommended operating free-air temperature range (unless otherwise noted),  $C_L = 50$  pF (see Note 1)

PARAMETER	FROM (INPUT)	TO (OUTPUT)	V <sub>CC</sub>	T <sub>A</sub> = 25°C			SN54HC160 SN54HC161		SN74HC160 SN74HC161		UNIT
				MIN	TYP	MAX	MIN	MAX	MIN	MAX	
f <sub>max</sub>			2 V	6	14		4.2		5	MHz	
			4.5 V	31	40		21		25		
			6 V	36	44		25		29		
t <sub>pd</sub>	CLK	RCO	2 V		83	215		325		270	ns
			4.5 V		24	43		65		54	
			6 V		20	37		55		46	
t <sub>pd</sub>	CLK	Any Q	2 V		80	205		310		255	ns
			4.5 V		25	41		62		51	
			6 V		21	35		53		43	
t <sub>pd</sub>	ENT	RCO	2 V		62	195		295		245	ns
			4.5 V		17	39		59		49	
			6 V		14	33		50		42	
t <sub>PHL</sub>	$\overline{CLR}$	Any Q	2 V		105	210		315		265	ns
			4.5 V		21	42		63		53	
			6 V		18	36		54		45	
t <sub>PHL</sub>	$\overline{CLR}$	RCO	2 V		110	220		330		275	ns
			4.5 V		22	44		66		55	
			6 V		19	37		56		47	
t <sub>t</sub>		Any	2 V		38	75		110		95	ns
			4.5 V		8	15		22		19	
			6 V		6	13		19		16	

C <sub>pd</sub>	Power dissipation capacitance	No load, T <sub>A</sub> = 25°C	60 pF typ
-----------------	-------------------------------	--------------------------------	-----------

NOTE 1: Load circuit and voltage waveforms are shown in Section 1.

**SN54HC162, SN54HC163**  
**SN74HC162, SN74HC163**  
**SYNCHRONOUS 4-BIT DECADE AND BINARY COUNTERS**

switching characteristics over recommended operating free-air temperature range (unless otherwise noted),  $C_L = 50$  pF (see Note 1)

PARAMETER	FROM (INPUT)	TO (OUTPUT)	V <sub>CC</sub>	T <sub>A</sub> = 25°C			SN54HC162 SN54HC163		SN74HC162 SN74HC163		UNIT
				MIN	TYP	MAX	MIN	MAX	MIN	MAX	
f <sub>max</sub>			2 V	6	14		4.2		5	MHz	
			4.5 V	31	40		21		25		
			6 V	36	44		25		29		
t <sub>pd</sub>	CLK	RCO	2 V		83	215		325		270	ns
			4.5 V		24	43		65		54	
			6 V		20	37		55		46	
t <sub>pd</sub>	CLK	Any Q	2 V		80	205		310		255	ns
			4.5 V		25	41		62		51	
			6 V		21	35		53		43	
t <sub>pd</sub>	ENT	RCO	2 V		62	195		295		245	ns
			4.5 V		17	39		59		49	
			6 V		14	33		50		42	
t <sub>t</sub>		Any	2 V		38	75		110		95	ns
			4.5 V		8	15		22		19	
			6 V		6	13		19		16	

C <sub>pd</sub>	Power dissipation capacitance	No load, T <sub>A</sub> = 25°C	60 pF typ
-----------------	-------------------------------	--------------------------------	-----------

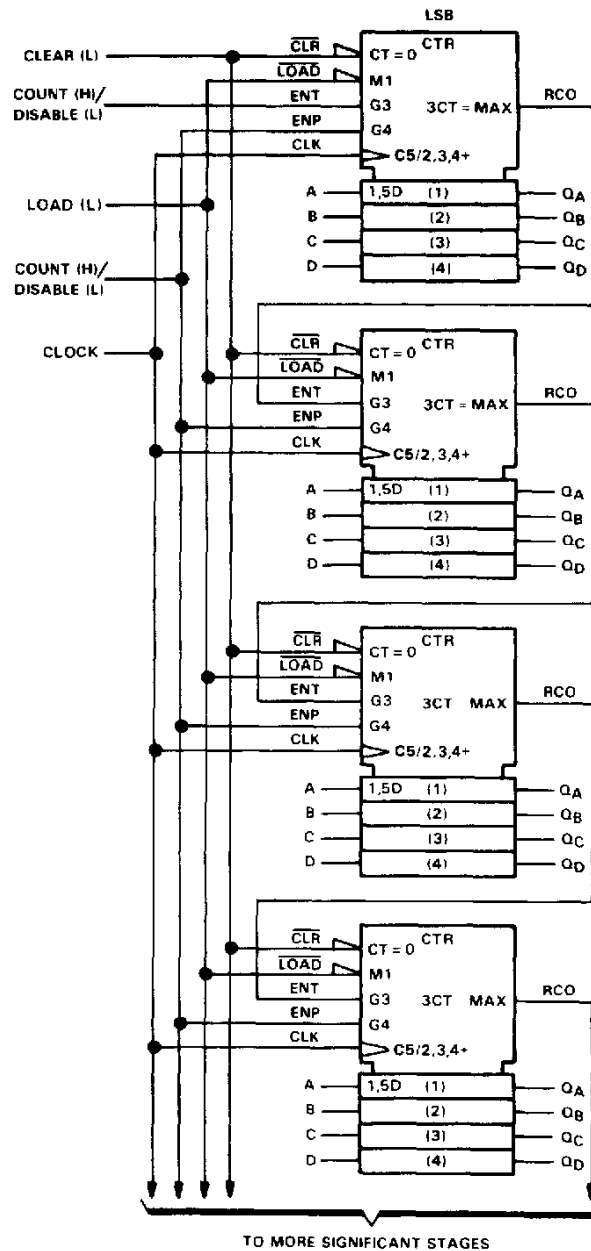
NOTE 1: Load circuit and voltage waveforms are shown in Section 1.

**SN54HC160 THRU SN54HC163  
SN74HC160 THRU SN74HC163  
SYNCHRONOUS 4-BIT DECADE AND BINARY COUNTERS**

**TYPICAL APPLICATION DATA**

**N-BIT SYNCHRONOUS COUNTERS**

This application demonstrates how the look-ahead carry circuit can be used to implement a high-speed n-bit counter. The 'HC160 and 'HC162 will count in BCD, and the 'HC161 and 'HC163 will count in binary. Virtually any count mode (modulo-N,  $N_1$ -to- $N_2$ ,  $N_1$ -to-maximum) can be used with this fast look-ahead circuit.



**SN54HC160 THRU SN54HC163  
SN74HC160 THRU SN74HC163  
SYNCHRONOUS 4-BIT DECADE AND BINARY COUNTERS**

The application circuit shown on the preceding page is not valid for clock frequencies above 18 MHz (at 25°C and 4.5 V  $V_{CC}$ ). The reason for this is that there is a "glitch" that is produced on the second stage's RCO output and every succeeding stage's RCO output. This glitch is common to all HC vendors that Texas Instruments has evaluated in addition to the bipolar equivalents ('LS, 'ALS, 'AS).

The glitch on RCO is caused because the propagation delay of the rising edge of  $Q_A$  of the second stage is shorter than the propagation delay of the falling edge of ENT. The RCO output is the product of ENT,  $Q_A$ ,  $Q_B$ ,  $Q_C$ , and  $Q_D$  ( $ENT \cdot Q_A \cdot Q_B \cdot Q_C \cdot Q_D$ ). The resulting glitch is about 7-12 ns in duration. Figure 1 illustrates the condition in which the glitch occurs. For the purposes of simplicity, only two stages are being considered, but the results can be applied to other stages.  $Q_B$ ,  $Q_C$ , and  $Q_D$  of the first and second stage are at logic one, and  $Q_A$  of both stages are at logic zero (1110 1110) after the first clock pulse. On the rising edge of the second clock pulse,  $Q_A$  and RCO of the first stage will go high. On the rising edge of the third clock pulse  $Q_A$  and RCO of the first stage will return to a low level, and  $Q_A$  of the second stage will go to a high level. It is at this time that the glitch on the RCO of the second stage will appear because of the "race condition" inside the chip.

The glitch will cause a problem in the next stage (stage three) if the glitch is still present when the next rising clock edge appears (clock pulse 4). To ensure that this does not happen, the clock frequency must be less than inverse of the sum of the clock-to-RCO propagation delay and the glitch duration ( $t_g$ ). In other words,  $f_{max} = 1/(t_{pd} \text{ CLK-to-RCO} + t_g)$ . For example, at 25°C at 4.5 V  $V_{CC}$ , the clock-to-RCO propagation delay is 43 ns and the maximum duration of the glitch is 12 ns. Therefore, the maximum clock frequency that the cascaded counters can use is 18 MHz. The following table contains the  $f_{clock}$ ,  $t_w$ , and  $f_{max}$  specifications for applications that use more than two 'HC160 family devices cascaded together.

**timing requirements over recommended operating free-air temperature range (unless otherwise noted)**

PARAMETER	$V_{CC}$	$T_A = 25^\circ\text{C}$		SN54HC160 thru SN54HC163		SN74HC160 thru SN74HC163		UNIT
		MIN	MAX	MIN	MAX	MIN	MAX	
		$f_{clock}$ Clock frequency	2 V	0	3.6	0	2.5	
	4.5 V	0	18	0	12	0	14	
	6 V	0	21	0	14	0	17	
$t_w$ Pulse duration, CLK high or low	2 V	140		200		170		ns
	4.5 V	28		40		36		
	6 V	24		36		30		

**switching characteristics over recommended operating free-air temperature range (unless otherwise noted),  $C_L = 50$  pF (see Note 1)**

PARAMETER	FROM (INPUT)	TO (OUTPUT)	$V_{CC}$	$T_A = 25^\circ\text{C}$			SN54HC160 thru SN54HC163		SN74HC160 thru SN74HC163		UNIT
				MIN	TYP	MAX	MIN	MAX	MIN	MAX	
				$f_{max}$			2 V	3.6		2.5	
			4.5 V	18		12		14			
			6 V	21		14		17			

NOTE 1: These limits apply only to applications which use more than two 'HC160 family devices cascaded together.

**SN54HC160 THRU SN54HC163  
SN74HC160 THRU SN74HC163  
SYNCHRONOUS 4-BIT DECADE AND BINARY COUNTERS**

If the 'HC160 family is used as a single unit or only two cascaded together, then the maximum clock frequency that the devices can use is not limited because of the glitch. In these situations, the devices can be operated at the maximum specifications.

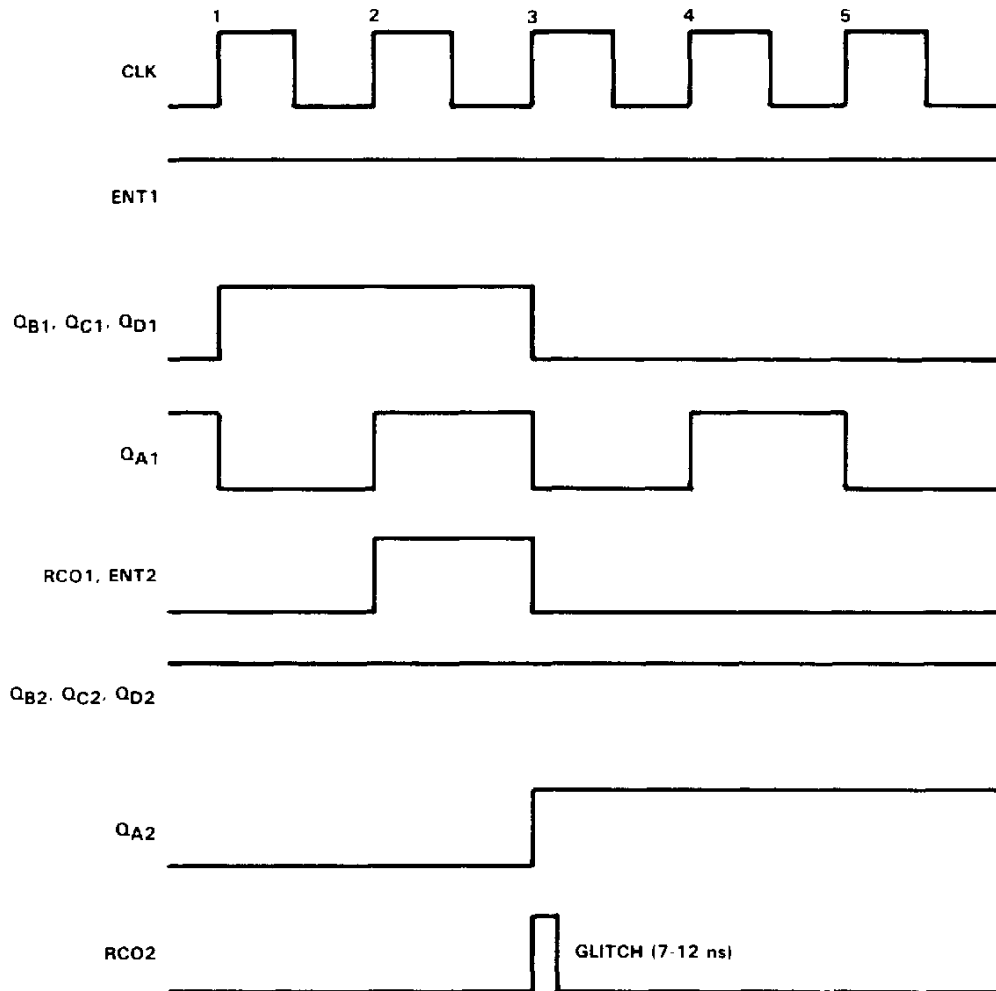


FIGURE 1

A glitch can appear on the RCO output of a single 'HC160 family device depending on the relationship of ENT to the clock input. Any application that uses the RCO output to drive any input except an ENT of another cascaded 'HC160 family device must take this into consideration.

**TAPE AND REEL INFORMATION**
**REEL DIMENSIONS**

**TAPE DIMENSIONS**


A0	Dimension designed to accommodate the component width
B0	Dimension designed to accommodate the component length
K0	Dimension designed to accommodate the component thickness
W	Overall width of the carrier tape
P1	Pitch between successive cavity centers

**TAPE AND REEL INFORMATION**

\*All dimensions are nominal

Device	Package Type	Package Drawing	Pins	SPQ	Reel Diameter (mm)	Reel Width W1 (mm)	A0 (mm)	B0 (mm)	K0 (mm)	P1 (mm)	W (mm)	Pin1 Quadrant
SN74HC161DR	SOIC	D	16	2500	330.0	16.4	6.5	10.3	2.1	8.0	16.0	Q1
SN74HC161NSR	SO	NS	16	2000	330.0	16.4	8.2	10.5	2.5	12.0	16.0	Q1
SN74HC161PWR	TSSOP	PW	16	2000	330.0	12.4	6.9	5.6	1.6	8.0	12.0	Q1
SN74HC161PWT	TSSOP	PW	16	250	330.0	12.4	6.9	5.6	1.6	8.0	12.0	Q1

**TAPE AND REEL BOX DIMENSIONS**


\*All dimensions are nominal

Device	Package Type	Package Drawing	Pins	SPQ	Length (mm)	Width (mm)	Height (mm)
SN74HC161DR	SOIC	D	16	2500	333.2	345.9	28.6
SN74HC161NSR	SO	NS	16	2000	367.0	367.0	38.0
SN74HC161PWR	TSSOP	PW	16	2000	367.0	367.0	35.0
SN74HC161PWT	TSSOP	PW	16	250	367.0	367.0	35.0



## IMPORTANT NOTICE

Texas Instruments Incorporated and its subsidiaries (TI) reserve the right to make corrections, enhancements, improvements and other changes to its semiconductor products and services per JESD46C and to discontinue any product or service per JESD48B. Buyers should obtain the latest relevant information before placing orders and should verify that such information is current and complete. All semiconductor products (also referred to herein as "components") are sold subject to TI's terms and conditions of sale supplied at the time of order acknowledgment.

TI warrants performance of its components to the specifications applicable at the time of sale, in accordance with the warranty in TI's terms and conditions of sale of semiconductor products. Testing and other quality control techniques are used to the extent TI deems necessary to support this warranty. Except where mandated by applicable law, testing of all parameters of each component is not necessarily performed.

TI assumes no liability for applications assistance or the design of Buyers' products. Buyers are responsible for their products and applications using TI components. To minimize the risks associated with Buyers' products and applications, Buyers should provide adequate design and operating safeguards.

TI does not warrant or represent that any license, either express or implied, is granted under any patent right, copyright, mask work right, or other intellectual property right relating to any combination, machine, or process in which TI components or services are used. Information published by TI regarding third-party products or services does not constitute a license to use such products or services or a warranty or endorsement thereof. Use of such information may require a license from a third party under the patents or other intellectual property of the third party, or a license from TI under the patents or other intellectual property of TI.

Reproduction of significant portions of TI information in TI data books or data sheets is permissible only if reproduction is without alteration and is accompanied by all associated warranties, conditions, limitations, and notices. TI is not responsible or liable for such altered documentation. Information of third parties may be subject to additional restrictions.

Resale of TI components or services with statements different from or beyond the parameters stated by TI for that component or service voids all express and any implied warranties for the associated TI component or service and is an unfair and deceptive business practice. TI is not responsible or liable for any such statements.

Buyer acknowledges and agrees that it is solely responsible for compliance with all legal, regulatory and safety-related requirements concerning its products, and any use of TI components in its applications, notwithstanding any applications-related information or support that may be provided by TI. Buyer represents and agrees that it has all the necessary expertise to create and implement safeguards which anticipate dangerous consequences of failures, monitor failures and their consequences, lessen the likelihood of failures that might cause harm and take appropriate remedial actions. Buyer will fully indemnify TI and its representatives against any damages arising out of the use of any TI components in safety-critical applications.

In some cases, TI components may be promoted specifically to facilitate safety-related applications. With such components, TI's goal is to help enable customers to design and create their own end-product solutions that meet applicable functional safety standards and requirements. Nonetheless, such components are subject to these terms.

No TI components are authorized for use in FDA Class III (or similar life-critical medical equipment) unless authorized officers of the parties have executed a special agreement specifically governing such use.

Only those TI components which TI has specifically designated as military grade or "enhanced plastic" are designed and intended for use in military/aerospace applications or environments. Buyer acknowledges and agrees that any military or aerospace use of TI components which have **not** been so designated is solely at the Buyer's risk, and that Buyer is solely responsible for compliance with all legal and regulatory requirements in connection with such use.

TI has specifically designated certain components which meet ISO/TS16949 requirements, mainly for automotive use. Components which have not been so designated are neither designed nor intended for automotive use; and TI will not be responsible for any failure of such components to meet such requirements.

### Products

Audio	<a href="http://www.ti.com/audio">www.ti.com/audio</a>
Amplifiers	<a href="http://amplifier.ti.com">amplifier.ti.com</a>
Data Converters	<a href="http://dataconverter.ti.com">dataconverter.ti.com</a>
DLP® Products	<a href="http://www.dlp.com">www.dlp.com</a>
DSP	<a href="http://dsp.ti.com">dsp.ti.com</a>
Clocks and Timers	<a href="http://www.ti.com/clocks">www.ti.com/clocks</a>
Interface	<a href="http://interface.ti.com">interface.ti.com</a>
Logic	<a href="http://logic.ti.com">logic.ti.com</a>
Power Mgmt	<a href="http://power.ti.com">power.ti.com</a>
Microcontrollers	<a href="http://microcontroller.ti.com">microcontroller.ti.com</a>
RFID	<a href="http://www.ti-rfid.com">www.ti-rfid.com</a>
OMAP Mobile Processors	<a href="http://www.ti.com/omap">www.ti.com/omap</a>
Wireless Connectivity	<a href="http://www.ti.com/wirelessconnectivity">www.ti.com/wirelessconnectivity</a>

### Applications

Automotive and Transportation	<a href="http://www.ti.com/automotive">www.ti.com/automotive</a>
Communications and Telecom	<a href="http://www.ti.com/communications">www.ti.com/communications</a>
Computers and Peripherals	<a href="http://www.ti.com/computers">www.ti.com/computers</a>
Consumer Electronics	<a href="http://www.ti.com/consumer-apps">www.ti.com/consumer-apps</a>
Energy and Lighting	<a href="http://www.ti.com/energy">www.ti.com/energy</a>
Industrial	<a href="http://www.ti.com/industrial">www.ti.com/industrial</a>
Medical	<a href="http://www.ti.com/medical">www.ti.com/medical</a>
Security	<a href="http://www.ti.com/security">www.ti.com/security</a>
Space, Avionics and Defense	<a href="http://www.ti.com/space-avionics-defense">www.ti.com/space-avionics-defense</a>
Video and Imaging	<a href="http://www.ti.com/video">www.ti.com/video</a>

**TI E2E Community** [e2e.ti.com](http://e2e.ti.com)