TOSHIBA CMOS Digital Integrated Circuit Silicon Monolithic

TC74VCXR162245FT

Low-Voltage 16-Bit Bus Transceiver with 3.6-V Tolerant Inputs and Outputs

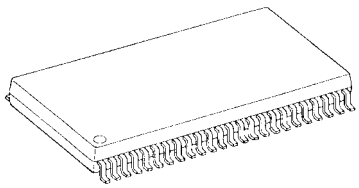
The TC74VCXR162245FT is a high-performance CMOS 16-bit bus transceiver. Designed for use in 1.8-V, 2.5-V or 3.3-V systems, it achieves high-speed operation while maintaining the CMOS low power dissipation.

It is also designed with overvoltage tolerant inputs and outputs up to 3.6 V.

This 16 bit bus transceiver is controlled by direction control (DIR) inputs and output enable ($\overline{OE}$) inputs which are common to each byte. It can be used as two 8-bit transceivers or one 16-bit transceiver. The direction of data transmission is determined by the level of the DIR inputs. The $\overline{OE}$ inputs can be used to disable the device so that the busses are effectively isolated.

The 26-Ω series resistor helps reducing output overshoot and undershoot without external resistor.

All inputs are equipped with protection circuits against static discharge.



TSSOP48-P-0061-0.50

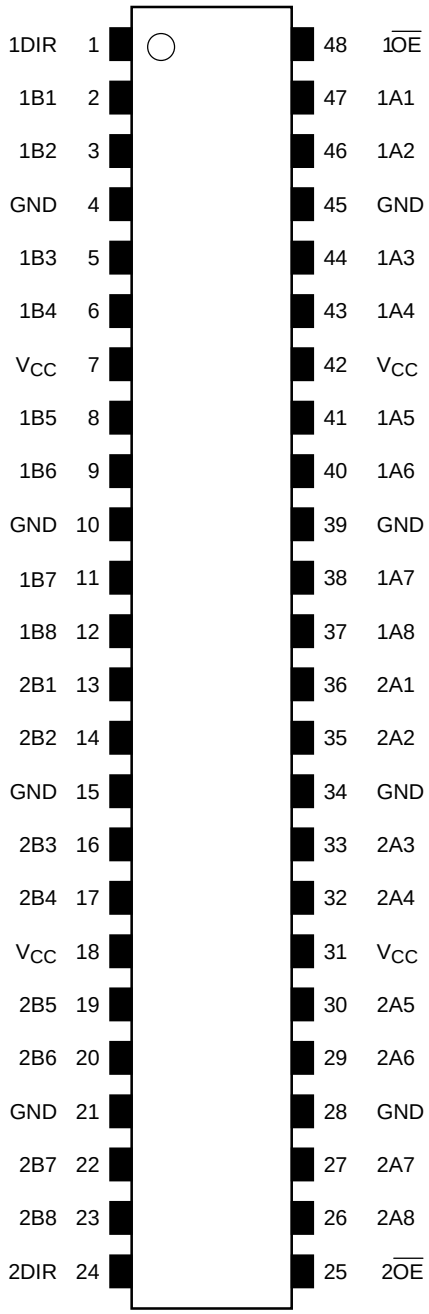
Weight: 0.25 g (typ.)

Features

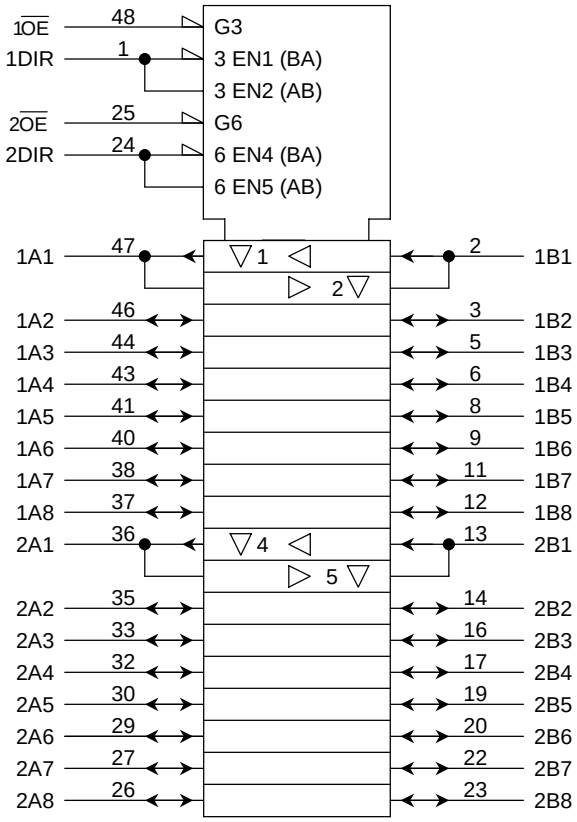
- 26-Ω series resistors on all outputs
- Low-voltage operation: V_{CC} = 1.8 to 3.6 V
- High-speed operation: t_{pd} = 3.4 ns (max) (V_{CC} = 3.0 to 3.6 V)
  : t_{pd} = 4.3 ns (max) (V_{CC} = 2.3 to 2.7 V)
  : t_{pd} = 5.7 ns (max) (V_{CC} = 1.8 V)
- utput current: I_{OH}/I_{OL} = ±12 mA (min) (V_{CC} = 3.0 V)
  : I_{OH}/I_{OL} = ±8 mA (min) (V_{CC} = 2.3 V)
  : I_{OH}/I_{OL} = ±4 mA (min) (V_{CC} = 1.8 V)
- Latch-up performance: ±300 mA
- ESD performance: Machine model > ±200 V
  : Human body model > ±2000 V
- Package: TSSOP (thin shrink small outline package)
- Bidirectional interface between 2.5 V and 3.3 V signals.
- 3.6-V tolerant function and power-down protection is provided on all inputs and outputs

Note 1: Do not apply a signal to any bus pins when it is in the output mode. Damage may result.
All floating (high impedance) bus pins must have their input level fixed by means of pull-up or pull-down resistors.

Pin Assignment (top view)



IEC Logic Symbol



Truth Table

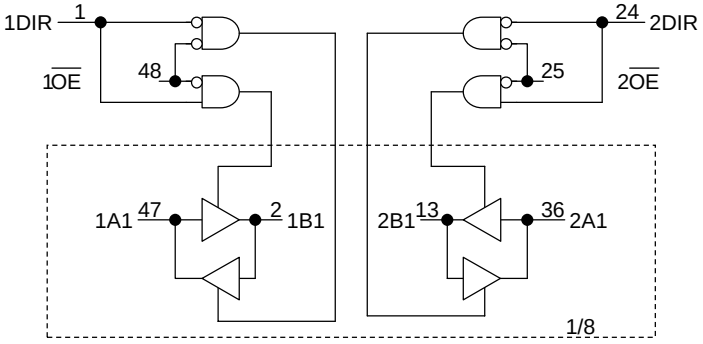
Inputs		Function		Outputs
$1\overline{OE}$	1DIR	Bus 1A1-1A8	Bus 1B1-1B8	
L	L	Output	Input	A = B
L	H	Input	Output	B = A
H	X	Z		Z

Inputs		Function		Outputs
$2\overline{OE}$	2DIR	BUS 2A1-2A8	BUS 2B1-2B8	
L	L	Output	Input	A = B
L	H	Input	Output	B = A
H	X	Z		Z

X: Don't care

Z: High impedance

System Diagram



Maximum Ratings

Characteristics	Symbol	Rating	Unit
Power supply voltage	V_{CC}	−0.5 to 4.6	V
DC input voltage (DIR, $\overline{OE}$)	V_{IN}	−0.5 to 4.6	V
DC bus I/O voltage	$V_{I/O}$	−0.5 to 4.6 (Note 2)	V
		−0.5 to V_{CC} + 0.5 (Note 3)	
Input diode current	I_{IK}	−50	mA
Output diode current	I_{OK}	±50 (Note 4)	mA
DC output current	I_{OUT}	±50	mA
Power dissipation	P_D	400	mW
DC V_{CC}/ground current per supply pin	I_{CC}/I_{GND}	±100	mA
Storage temperature	T_{stg}	−65 to 150	°C

Note 2: OFF state

Note 3: High or low state. I_{OUT} absolute maximum rating must be observed.

Note 4: $V_{OUT} < GND$, $V_{OUT} > V_{CC}$

Recommended Operating Range

Characteristics	Symbol	Rating	Unit
Power supply voltage	V_{CC}	1.8 to 3.6	V
		1.2 to 3.6 (Note 5)	
Input voltage (DIR, $\overline{OE}$)	V_{IN}	−0.3 to 3.6	V
Bus I/O voltage	$V_{I/O}$	0 to 3.6 (Note 6)	V
		0 to V_{CC} (Note 7)	
Output current	I_{OH}/I_{OL}	±12 (Note 8)	mA
		±8 (Note 9)	
		±4 (Note 10)	
Operating temperature	T_{opr}	−40 to 85	°C
Input rise and fall time	dt/dv	0 to 10 (Note 11)	ns/V

Note 5: Data retention only

Note 6: OFF state

Note 7: High or low state

Note 8: V_{CC} = 3.0 to 3.6 V

Note 9: V_{CC} = 2.3 to 2.7 V

Note 10: V_{CC} = 1.8 V

Note 11: V_{IN} = 0.8 to 2.0 V, V_{CC} = 3.0 V

Electrical Characteristics

DC Characteristics (Ta = –40 to 85°C, 2.7 V < V_{CC} ≦ 3.6 V)

Characteristics		Symbol	Test Condition		V_{CC} (V)	Min	Max	Unit
Input voltage	H-level	V_{IH}	—		2.7 to 3.6	2.0	—	V
	L-level	V_{IL}	—		2.7 to 3.6	—	0.8	
Output voltage	H-level	V_{OH}	V_{IN} = V_{IH} or V_{IL}	I_{OH} = –100 μA	2.7 to 3.6	V_{CC} – 0.2	—	V
				I_{OH} = –6 mA	2.7	2.2	—	
				I_{OH} = –8 mA	3.0	2.4	—	
				I_{OH} = –12 mA	3.0	2.2	—	
	L-level	V_{OL}	V_{IN} = V_{IH} or V_{IL}	I_{OL} = 100 μA	2.7 to 3.6	—	0.2	
				I_{OL} = 6 mA	2.7	—	0.4	
				I_{OL} = 8 mA	3.0	—	0.55	
				I_{OL} = 12 mA	3.0	—	0.8	
Input leakage current		I_{IN}	V_{IN} = 0 to 3.6 V		2.7 to 3.6	—	±5.0	μA
3-state output OFF state current		I_{OZ}	V_{IN} = V_{IH} or V_{IL} V_{OUT} = 0 to 3.6 V		2.7 to 3.6	—	±10.0	μA
Power-off leakage current		I_{OFF}	V_{IN}, V_{OUT} = 0 to 3.6 V		0	—	10.0	μA
Quiescent supply current		I_{CC}	V_{IN} = V_{CC} or GND		2.7 to 3.6	—	20.0	μA
			V_{CC} ≦ (V_{IN}, V_{OUT}) ≦ 3.6 V		2.7 to 3.6	—	±20.0	
Increase in I_{CC} per input		ΔI_{CC}	V_{IH} = V_{CC} – 0.6 V		2.7 to 3.6	—	750	

DC Characteristics (Ta = –40 to 85°C, 2.3 V ≦ V_{CC} ≦ 2.7 V)

Characteristics		Symbol	Test Condition		V_{CC} (V)	Min	Max	Unit
Input voltage	H-level	V_{IH}	—		2.3 to 2.7	1.6	—	V
	L-level	V_{IL}	—		2.3 to 2.7	—	0.7	
Output voltage	H-level	V_{OH}	V_{IN} = V_{IH} or V_{IL}	I_{OH} = –100 μA	2.3 to 2.7	V_{CC} – 0.2	—	V
				I_{OH} = –4 mA	2.3	2.0	—	
				I_{OH} = –6 mA	2.3	1.8	—	
				I_{OH} = –8 mA	2.3	1.7	—	
	L-level	V_{OL}	V_{IN} = V_{IH} or V_{IL}	I_{OL} = 100 μA	2.3 to 2.7	—	0.2	
				I_{OL} = 6 mA	2.3	—	0.4	
				I_{OL} = 8 mA	2.3	—	0.6	
Input leakage current		I_{IN}	V_{IN} = 0 to 3.6 V		2.3 to 2.7	—	±5.0	μA
3-state output OFF state current		I_{OZ}	V_{IN} = V_{IH} or V_{IL} V_{OUT} = 0 to 3.6 V		2.3 to 2.7	—	±10.0	μA
Power-off leakage current		I_{OFF}	V_{IN}, V_{OUT} = 0 to 3.6 V		0	—	10.0	μA
Quiescent supply current		I_{CC}	V_{IN} = V_{CC} or GND		2.3 to 2.7	—	20.0	μA
			V_{CC} ≦ (V_{IN}, V_{OUT}) ≦ 3.6 V		2.3 to 2.7	—	±20.0	

DC Characteristics (Ta = –40 to 85°C, 1.8 V ≦ V_{CC} < 2.3 V)

Characteristics		Symbol	Test Condition		V_{CC} (V)	Min	Max	Unit
Input voltage	H-level	V_{IH}	—		1.8 to 2.3	0.7 × V_{CC}	—	V
	L-level	V_{IL}	—		1.8 to 2.3	—	0.2 × V_{CC}	
Output voltage	H-level	V_{OH}	V_{IN} = V_{IH} or V_{IL}	I_{OH} = –100 μA	1.8	V_{CC} – 0.2	—	V
				I_{OH} = –4 mA	1.8	1.4	—	
	L-level	V_{OL}	V_{IN} = V_{IH} or V_{IL}	I_{OL} = 100 μA	1.8	—	0.2	
				I_{OL} = 4 mA	1.8	—	0.3	
Input leakage current		I_{IN}	V_{IN} = 0 to 3.6 V		1.8	—	±5.0	μA
3-state output OFF state current		I_{OZ}	V_{IN} = V_{IH} or V_{IL} V_{OUT} = 0 to 3.6 V		1.8	—	±10.0	μA
Power-off leakage current		I_{OFF}	V_{IN}, V_{OUT} = 0 to 3.6 V		0	—	10.0	μA
Quiescent supply current		I_{CC}	V_{IN} = V_{CC} or GND		1.8	—	20.0	μA
			V_{CC} ≦ (V_{IN}, V_{OUT}) ≦ 3.6 V		1.8	—	±20.0	

AC Characteristics (Ta = –40 to 85°C, input: t_r = t_f = 2.0 ns, C_L = 30 pF, R_L = 500 Ω)

Characteristics	Symbol	Test Condition	V_{CC} (V)	Min	Max	Unit
Propagation delay time	t_{pLH} t_{pHL}	Figure 1, Figure 2	1.8	1.5	5.7	ns
			2.5 ± 0.2	1.0	4.3	
			3.3 ± 0.3	0.8	3.4	
3-state output enable time	t_{pZL} t_{pZH}	Figure 1, Figure 3	1.8	1.5	7.6	ns
			2.5 ± 0.2	1.0	5.7	
			3.3 ± 0.3	0.8	4.2	
3-state output disable time	t_{pLZ} t_{pHZ}	Figure 1, Figure 3	1.8	1.5	5.7	ns
			2.5 ± 0.2	1.0	4.8	
			3.3 ± 0.3	0.8	4.1	
Output to output skew	t_{osLH} t_{osHL}	(Note 12)	1.8	—	0.5	ns
			2.5 ± 0.2	—	0.5	
			3.3 ± 0.3	—	0.5	

For C_L = 50 pF, add approximately 300 ps to the AC maximum specification.

Note 12: Parameter guaranteed by design.
(t_{osLH} = $|t_{pLHm} - t_{pLHn}|$, t_{osHL} = $|t_{pHLm} - t_{pHLn}|$)

Dynamic Switching Characteristics (Ta = 25°C, input: $t_r = t_f = 2.0$ ns, $C_L = 30$ pF)

Characteristics	Symbol	Test Condition	V_{CC} (V)	Typ.	Unit
Quiet output maximum dynamic V_{OL}	V_{OLP}	V_{IH} = 1.8 V, V_{IL} = 0 V (Note 13)	1.8	0.15	V
		V_{IH} = 2.5 V, V_{IL} = 0 V (Note 13)	2.5	0.25	
		V_{IH} = 3.3 V, V_{IL} = 0 V (Note 13)	3.3	0.35	
Quiet output minimum dynamic V_{OL}	V_{OLV}	V_{IH} = 1.8 V, V_{IL} = 0 V (Note 13)	1.8	−0.15	V
		V_{IH} = 2.5 V, V_{IL} = 0 V (Note 13)	2.5	−0.25	
		V_{IH} = 3.3 V, V_{IL} = 0 V (Note 13)	3.3	−0.35	
Quiet output minimum dynamic V_{OH}	V_{OHV}	V_{IH} = 1.8 V, V_{IL} = 0 V (Note 13)	1.8	1.55	V
		V_{IH} = 2.5 V, V_{IL} = 0 V (Note 13)	2.5	2.05	
		V_{IH} = 3.3 V, V_{IL} = 0 V (Note 13)	3.3	2.65	

Note 13: Parameter guaranteed by design.

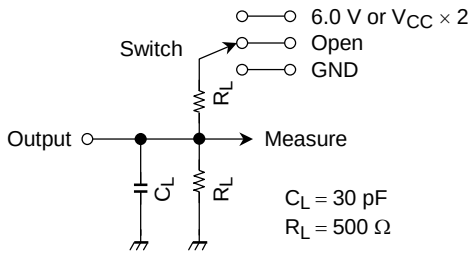
Capacitive Characteristics (Ta = 25°C)

Characteristics	Symbol	Test Condition	V_{CC} (V)	Typ.	Unit
Input capacitance	C_{IN}	—	1.8, 2.5, 3.3	6	pF
Bus I/O capacitance	$C_{I/O}$	—	1.8, 2.5, 3.3	7	pF
Power dissipation capacitance	C_{PD}	f_{IN} = 10 MHz (Note 14)	1.8, 2.5, 3.3	20	pF

Note 14: C_{PD} is defined as the value of the internal equivalent capacitance which is calculated from the operating current consumption without load.
Average operating current can be obtained by the equation:

$I_{CC\ (opr)} = C_{PD} \cdot V_{CC} \cdot f_{IN} + I_{CC}/16$ (per bit)

AC Test Circuit



Parameter	Switch	
t_{pLH}, t_{pHL}	Open	
t_{pLZ}, t_{pZL}	6.0 V $V_{CC} \times 2$	@V_{CC} = 3.3 ± 0.3 V @V_{CC} = 2.5 ± 0.2 V @V_{CC} = 1.8 V
t_{pHZ}, t_{pZH}	GND	

Figure 1

AC Waveform

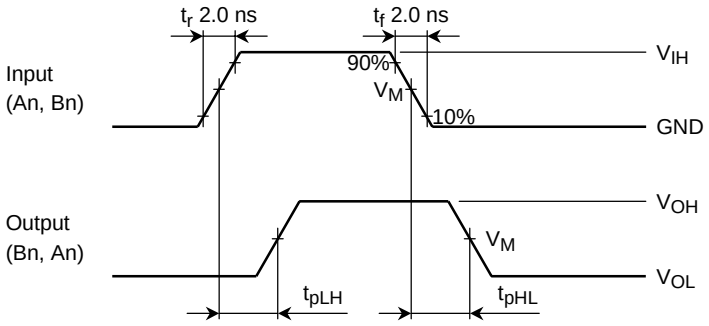


Figure 2 t_{pLH}, t_{pHL}

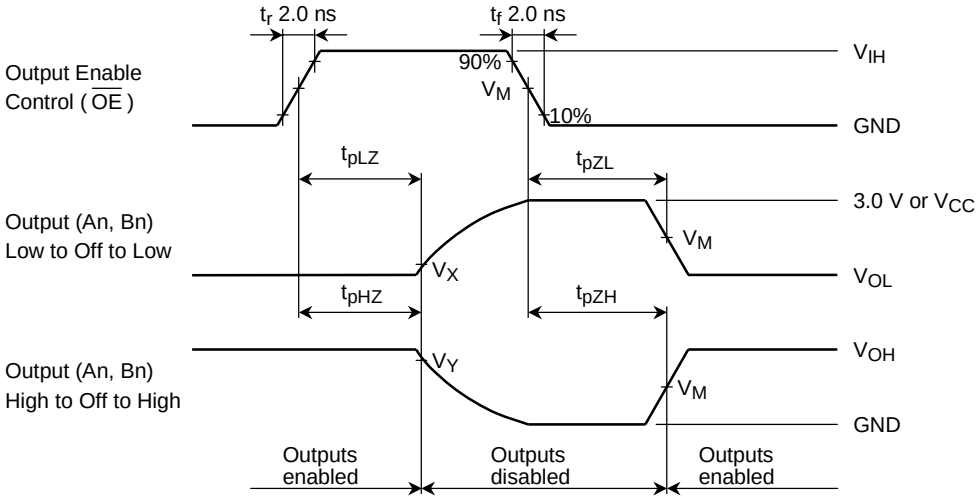
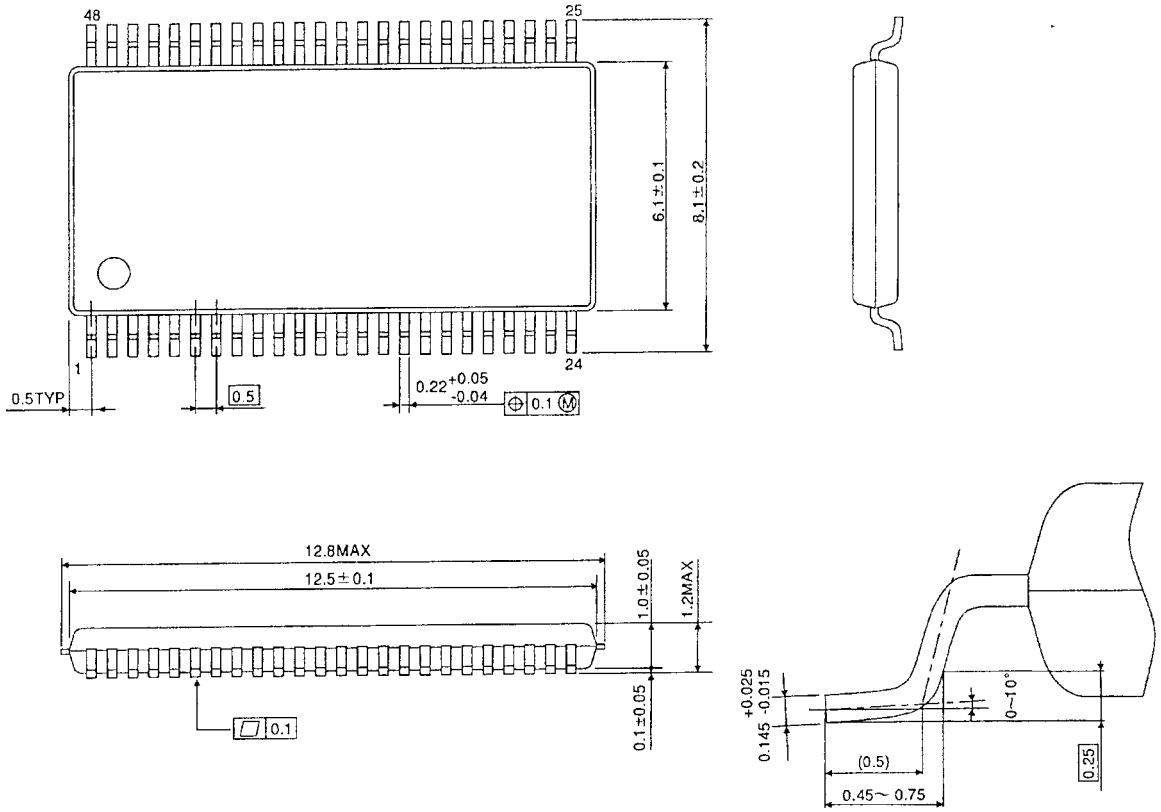


Figure 3 t_{pLZ}, t_{pHZ}, t_{pZL}, t_{pZH}

Symbol	V_{CC}		
	3.3 ± 0.3 V	2.5 ± 0.2 V	1.8 V
V_{IH}	2.7 V	V_{CC}	V_{CC}
V_M	1.5 V	V_{CC}/2	V_{CC}/2
V_X	V_{OL} + 0.3 V	V_{OL} + 0.15 V	V_{OL} + 0.15 V
V_Y	V_{OH} − 0.3 V	V_{OH} − 0.15 V	V_{OH} − 0.15 V

Package Dimensions

TSSOP48-P-0061-0.50 Unit : mm



Weight: 0.25 g (typ.)

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