

TV VERTICAL DEFLECTION OUTPUT CIRCUIT

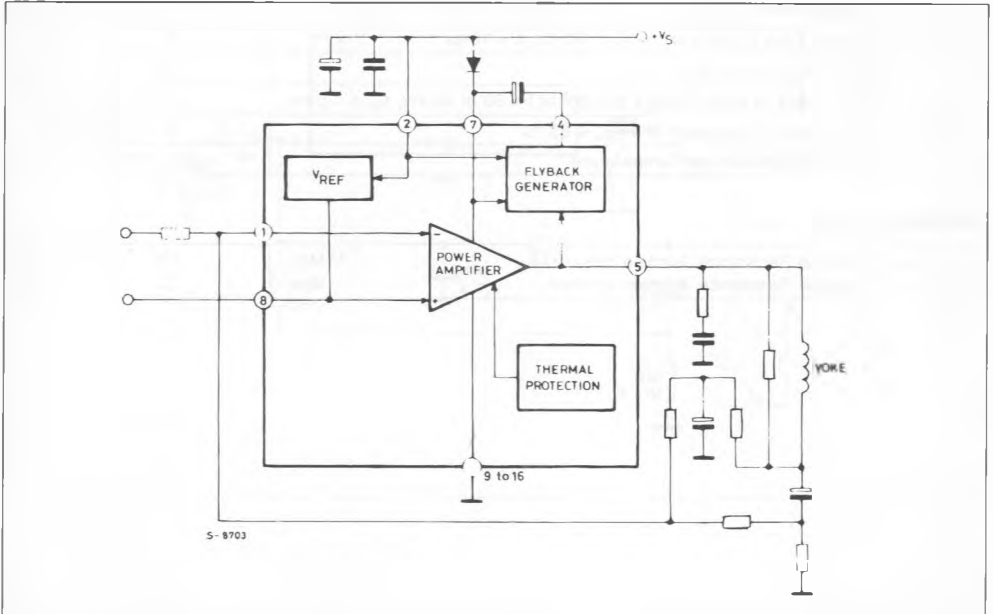
- POWER AMPLIFIER
- FLYBACK GENERATOR
- THERMAL PROTECTION

DESCRIPTION

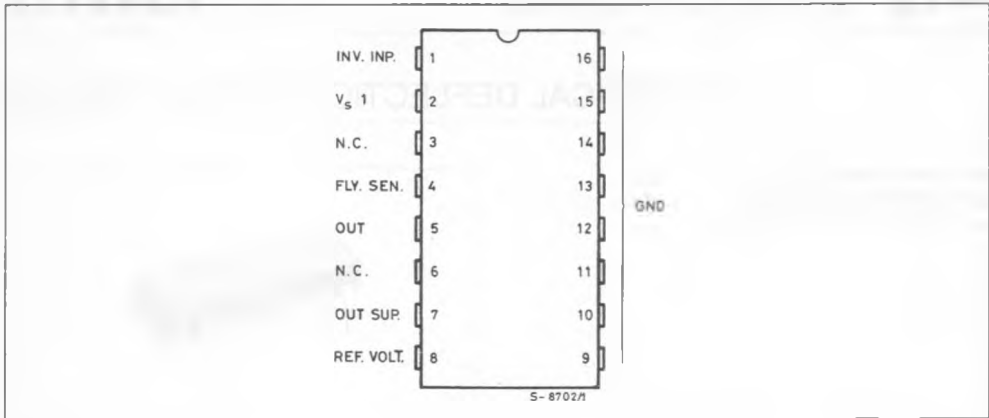
The TDA8173 is a monolithic integrated circuit in POWERDIP package. It is a high efficiency power booster for direct driving of vertical windings of TV yokes. It is intended for use in Color and B & W television sets as well as in monitors, and displays.



BLOCK DIAGRAM



CONNECTION DIAGRAM (top view)



ABSOLUTE MAXIMUM RATINGS

Symbol	Parameter	Value	Unit
V_S	Supply Voltage (pin 2)	35	V
V_5	Flyback Peak Voltage	60	V
V_4	Voltage at Pin 4	+ V_S	
V_1, V_8	Amplifier Input Voltage	+ V_S - 0.5	V
I_o	Output Peak Current (non repetitive, $t = 2$ ms)	2.5	A
I_o	Output Peak Current at $f = 50$ or 60 Hz, $t \leq 10$ μ s	3	A
I_o	Output Peak Current at $f = 50$ or 60 Hz, $t > 10$ μ s	2	A
I_4	Pin 4 DC Current at $V_5 < V_2$	100	mA
I_4	Pin 4 Peak to Peak Flyback Current at $f = 50$ or 60 Hz, $t_{fly} \leq 1.5$ ms	3	A
P_{Tot}	Total Power Dissipation at $T_{Case} = 60$ °C	6	W
T_{stg}, T_j	Storage and Junction Temperature	- 40 to 150	°C

THERMAL DATA

$R_{th\ j-case}$	Thermal Resistance Junction-pins	Max	15	°C/W
$R_{th\ j-amb}$	Thermal Resistance Junction-ambient	Max	70	°C/W

ELECTRICAL CHARACTERISTICS(refer to the test circuits, $V_s = 35\text{ V}$, $T_{\text{amb}} = 25\text{ }^\circ\text{C}$ unless otherwise specified)

Symbol	Parameter	Test Conditions	Min.	Typ.	Max.	Unit
I_2	Pin 2 Quiescent Current	$I = 0$ $I_5 = 0$		8	16	mA
I_7	Pin 7 Quiescent Current	$I = 0$ $I_5 = 0$		16	36	mA
I_1	Amplifier Input Bias Current	$V_1 = 1\text{ V}$		- 0.1	- 1	μA
V_{4L}	Pin 4 Saturation Voltage to GND*	$I_4 = 20\text{ mA}$		1		V
V_5	Quiescent Output Voltage	$V_s = 35\text{ V}$ $R_a = 39\text{ k}\Omega$		18		V
V_{5L}	Output Saturation Voltage to GND	$I_5 = 1.2\text{ A}$		1	1.4	V
		$I_5 = 0.7\text{ A}$		0.7	1	V
V_{5H}	Output Saturation Voltage to Supply	$- I_5 = 1.2\text{ A}$		1.6	2.2	V
		$- I_5 = 0.7\text{ A}$		1.3	1.8	V
T_J	Junction Temperature for Thermal Shut Down			140		$^\circ\text{C}$
V_8	Reference Voltage			2.2		V
$\frac{\Delta V_8}{\Delta V_s}$	Reference Voltage Drift vs. Supply Voltage	$V_s = 15\text{ to }30\text{ V}$		1	2	mV

TEST CIRCUITS