



N - CHANNEL ENHANCEMENT MODE POWER MOS TRANSISTORS

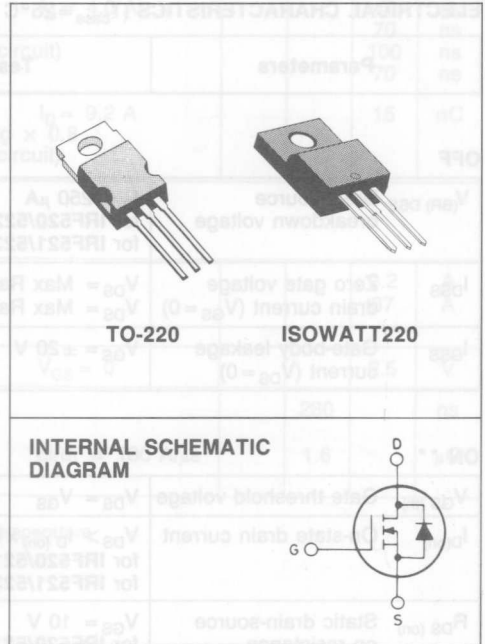
TYPE	V _{DSS}	R _{DS(on)}	I _D ■
IRF520	100 V	0.27 Ω	9.2 A
IRF520FI	100 V	0.27 Ω	7 A
IRF521	80 V	0.27 Ω	9.2 A
IRF521FI	80 V	0.27 Ω	7 A
IRF522	100 V	0.36 Ω	8 A
IRF522FI	100 V	0.36 Ω	6 A
IRF523	80 V	0.36 Ω	8 A
IRF523FI	80 V	0.36 Ω	6 A

- 80-100 VOLTS - FOR DC/DC CONVERTERS
- HIGH CURRENT
- RATED FOR UNCLAMPED INDUCTIVE SWITCHING (ENERGY TEST) ♦
- ULTRA FAST SWITCHING
- EASY DRIVE- FOR REDUCED COST AND SIZE

INDUSTRIAL APPLICATIONS:

- UNINTERRUPTIBLE POWER SUPPLIES
- MOTOR CONTROLS

N - channel enhancement mode POWER MOS field effect transistors. Easy drive and very fast switching times make these POWER MOS transistors ideal for high speed switching applications. Applications include DC/DC converters, UPS, battery chargers, secondary regulators, servo control, power-audio amplifiers and robotics.



ABSOLUTE MAXIMUM RATINGS

		TO-220 ISOWATT220		520 520FI	521 521FI	522 522FI	523 523FI	
V _{DS} *	Drain-source voltage (V _{GS} = 0)	100	80	100	80			V
V _{DGR} *	Drain-gate voltage (R _{GS} = 20 KΩ)	100	80	100	80			V
V _{GS}	Gate-source voltage					±20		V
I _{DM} (•)	Drain current (pulsed)	37	37	32	32			A
I _D	Drain current (cont.) at T _c = 25°C	9.2	9.2	8	8			A
I _D	Drain current (cont.) at T _c = 100°C	6.5	6.5	5.6	5.6			A
		520FI	521FI	522FI	523FI			
I _D ■	Drain current (cont.) at T _c = 25°C	7	7	6	6			A
I _D ■	Drain current (cont.) at T _c = 100°C	4	4	3.5	3.5			A
		TO-220		ISOWATT220				
P _{tot} ■	Total dissipation at T _c < 25°C	60		30				W
■	Derating factor	0.48		0.24				W/°C
T _{stg}	Storage temperature	-55 to 150						°C
T _j	Max. operating junction temperature	150						°C

* T_j = 25°C to 125°C

(•) Repetitive Rating: Pulse width limited by max junction temperature.

■ See note on ISOWATT220 on this datasheet.

♦ Introduced in 1988 week 44

THERMAL DATA *

			TO-220	ISOWATT220	
$R_{thj - case}$	Thermal resistance junction-case	max	2.08	4.16	°C/W
R_{thc-s}	Thermal resistance case-sink	typ	0.5		°C/W
$R_{thj-amb}$	Thermal resistance junction-ambient	max	80		°C/W
T_l	Maximum lead temperature for soldering purpose		300		°C

ELECTRICAL CHARACTERISTICS ($T_{case} = 25^{\circ}\text{C}$ unless otherwise specified)

Parameters	Test Conditions	Min.	Typ.	Max.	Unit
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OFF

$V_{(BR) DSS}$	Drain-source breakdown voltage	$I_D = 250 \mu\text{A}$ for IRF520/522/520FI/522FI for IRF521/523/521FI/523FI	$V_{GS} = 0$	100 80	V V
I_{DSS}	Zero gate voltage drain current ($V_{GS} = 0$)	$V_{DS} = \text{Max Rating}$ $V_{DS} = \text{Max Rating} \times 0.8$	$T_c = 125^{\circ}\text{C}$	250 1000	μA μA
I_{GSS}	Gate-body leakage current ($V_{DS} = 0$)	$V_{GS} = \pm 20 \text{ V}$		± 500	nA

ON **

$V_{GS(th)}$	Gate threshold voltage	$V_{DS} = V_{GS}$	$I_D = 250 \mu\text{A}$	2	4	V
$I_{D(on)}$	On-state drain current	$V_{DS} > I_{D(on)} \times R_{DS(on) max}$ for IRF520/521/520FI/521FI for IRF521/523/521FI/523FI	$V_{GS} = 10 \text{ V}$	9.2 8		A A
$R_{DS(on)}$	Static drain-source on resistance	$V_{GS} = 10 \text{ V}$ for IRF520/521/520FI/521FI for IRF522/523/522FI/523FI	$I_D = 5.6 \text{ A}$		0.27 0.36	Ω Ω

ENERGY TEST

I_{UIS}	Unclamped inductive switching current (single pulse)	$V_{DD} = 30 \text{ V}$ starting $T_l = 25^{\circ}\text{C}$ for IRF520/521/520FI/521FI for IRF522/523/522FI/523FI	$L = 100 \mu\text{H}$	9.2 8		A A
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DYNAMIC

g_{fs}^{**}	Forward transconductance	$V_{DS} > I_{D(on)} \times R_{DS(on) max}$ $I_D = 5.6 \text{ A}$	2.7		mho
C_{iss}	Input capacitance	$V_{DS} = 25 \text{ V}$	$f = 1 \text{ MHz}$	600	pF
C_{oss}	Output capacitance	$V_{GS} = 0$		400	pF
C_{rss}	Reverse transfer capacitance			100	pF

ELECTRICAL CHARACTERISTICS (Continued)

Parameters	Test Conditions	Min.	Typ.	Max.	Unit
SWITCHING					
$t_{d(on)}$ Turn-on time	$V_{DD} = 40\text{ V}$ $I_D = 4.0\text{ A}$			40	ns
t_r Rise time	$R_i = 50\ \Omega$			70	ns
$t_{d(off)}$ Turn-off delay time	(see test circuit)			100	ns
t_f Fall time				70	ns
Q_g Total Gate Charge	$V_{GS} = 15\text{ V}$ $I_D = 9.2\text{ A}$ $V_{DS} = \text{Max Rating} \times 0.8$ (see test circuit)			15	nC

SOURCE DRAIN DIODE

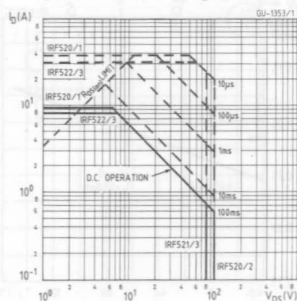
I_{SD} Source-drain current				9.2	A
$I_{SDM} (*)$ Source-drain current (pulsed)				37	A
$V_{SD} **$ Forward on voltage	$I_{SD} = 9.2\text{ A}$ $V_{GS} = 0$			2.5	V
t_{rr} Reverse recovery time	$T_j = 150^\circ\text{C}$		280		ns
Q_{rr} Reverse recovered charge	$I_{SD} = 9.2\text{ A}$ $di/dt = 100\text{ A}/\mu\text{s}$		1.6		μC

** Pulsed: Pulse duration $\leq 300\ \mu\text{s}$, duty cycle $\leq 1.2\%$

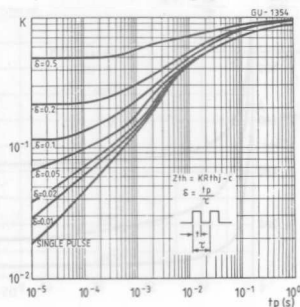
(*) Repetitive Rating: Pulse width limited by max junction temperature

■ See note on ISOWATT220 in this datasheet

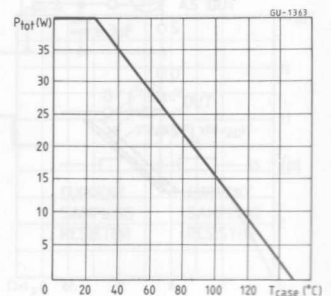
Safe operating areas (standard package)



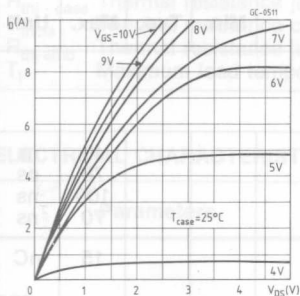
Thermal impedance (standard package)



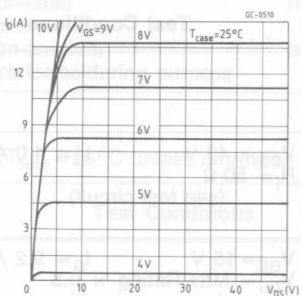
Derating curve (standard package)



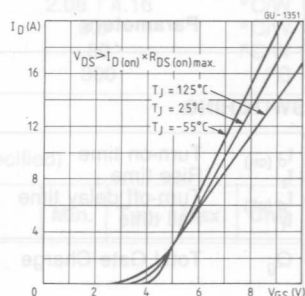
Output characteristics



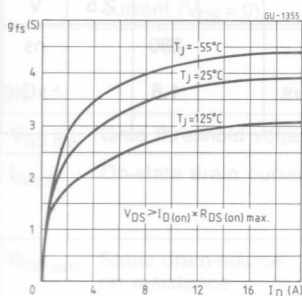
Output characteristics



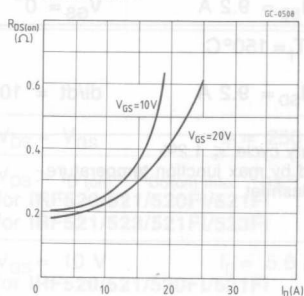
Transfer characteristics



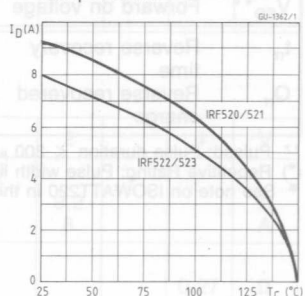
Transconductance



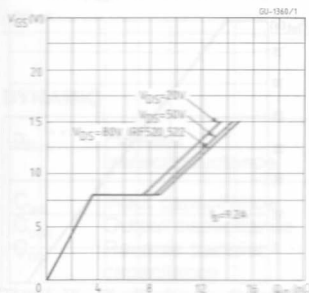
Static drain-source on resistance



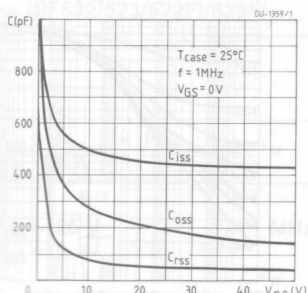
Maximum drain current vs temperature



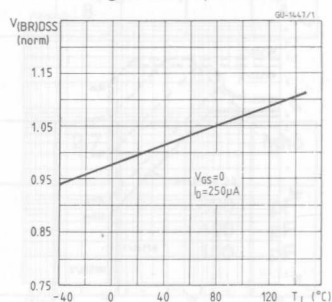
Gate charge vs gate-source voltage



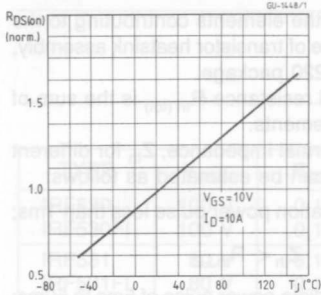
Capacitance variation



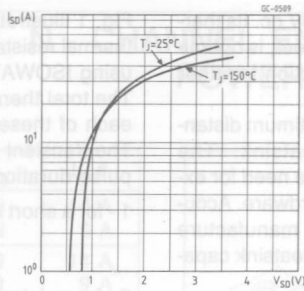
Normalized breakdown voltage vs temperature



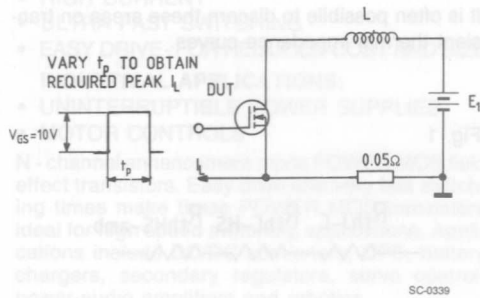
Normalized on resistance
vs temperature



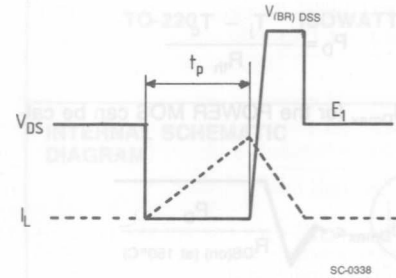
Source-drain diode forward
characteristics



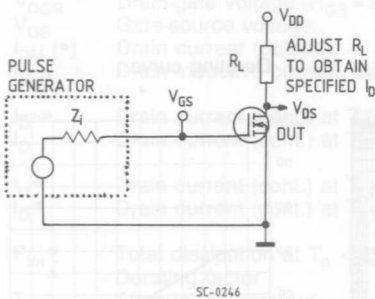
Unclamped inductive test circuit



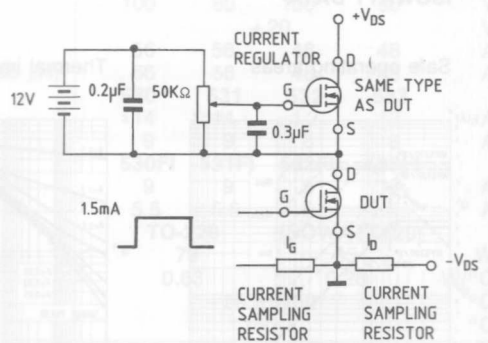
Unclamped inductive waveforms



Switching times test circuit



Gate charge test circuit



ISOWATT220 PACKAGE
CHARACTERISTICS AND APPLICATION.

ISOWATT220 is fully isolated to 2000V dc. Its thermal impedance, given in the data sheet, is optimised to give efficient thermal conduction together with excellent electrical isolation.

The structure of the case ensures optimum distances between the pins and heatsink. The ISOWATT220 package eliminates the need for external isolation so reducing fixing hardware. Accurate moulding techniques used in manufacture assure consistent heat spreader-to-heatsink capacitance.

ISOWATT220 thermal performance is better than that of the standard part, mounted with a 0.1mm mica washer. The thermally conductive plastic has a higher breakdown rating and is less fragile than mica or plastic sheets. Power derating for ISOWATT220 packages is determined by:

$$P_D = \frac{T_j - T_c}{R_{th}}$$

from this I_{Dmax} for the POWER MOS can be calculated:

$$I_{Dmax} \leq \sqrt{\frac{P_D}{R_{DS(on)} \text{ (at } 150^{\circ}\text{C)}}}$$

THERMAL IMPEDANCE OF
ISOWATT220 PACKAGE

Fig. 1 illustrates the elements contributing to the thermal resistance of transistor heatsink assembly, using ISOWATT220 package.

The total thermal resistance $R_{th (tot)}$ is the sum of each of these elements.

The transient thermal impedance, Z_{th} for different pulse durations can be estimated as follows:

1 - for a short duration power pulse less than 1 ms;

$$Z_{th} < R_{thJ-C}$$

2 - for an intermediate power pulse of 5ms to 50ms:

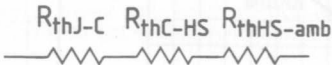
$$Z_{th} = R_{thJ-C}$$

3 - for long power pulses of the order of 500ms or greater:

$$Z_{th} = R_{thJ-C} + R_{thC-HS} + R_{thHS-amb}$$

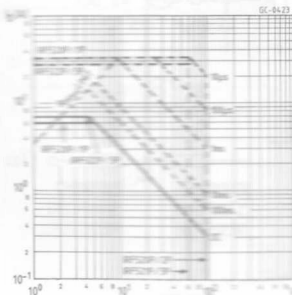
It is often possible to discern these areas on transient thermal impedance curves.

Fig. 1

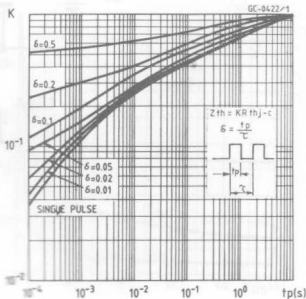


ISOWATT DATA

Safe operating areas



Thermal impedance



Derating curve

